#### In today's Jordan Times...

Library, school named after late premier:

Handicrafts in Jordan: Page 3 Arab scapegoat in anti-Semitism: Page 4 Saddam Hussein crincises Kuwait: Page 5 Price cut and Mexico: Page 6 McEnroe dethrones Borg: Page 7 Riots in London: Page 8



#### Today's Weather

It will be fair, with northwesterly moderate winds. In Agaba winds will be northerly mod-

	Overnight	Daytime	
	Low	High	
Amman	19	31	
Agaba	25	38	
Deserts	20	35	
Jordan Valley	24	39	

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 29, Aqaba 35. Sunset tonight: 6:47 p.m. Sunrise lomorrow: 4:35 a.m.

lame 6, Number 1700

AMMAN, SUNDAY JULY 5, 1981 -- RAMADAN 4, 1401

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

# ranians won't make it any easier for Raja'i

IRUT, July 4 (A.P.) — Three major aspints may contest Prime Minister Mohımad Ali Raja'i in Iran's presidential eleons on July 24 to succeed the ousted prelent, Abol Hassan Bani-Sadr, knowhich are deable sources in Tehran reported.

> iched by telephone from the iated Press office in Beirut, surces who declined to be fied said former prime min-Mehdi Bazargan, who heads iddle-of-the-road National tion Movement, was talked in the capital as Mr. Raja'l's challenger

other likely presidential lates are Noreddin Kiasecretary general of Iran's oscow Tudeh Communist and Farrokh Negahdar, who the pro-Tudeh faction of dayeen-e-Khalo Party, the s added.

interior ministry anni a three-day period for regin of presidential candidacy ing today. Mr. Raja'i is ed to be backed the Islamic Jican Party (IRP), the stabearer of the nation's funatalist Muslim clergy that red the impeachment of ni-Sadr two weeks ago. this morning the ministry

iced in a statement puby Tehran newspapers that istration period would be Monday through Wedinstead of Saturday thr-

ior Minister Ayatollah mad Reza Mahdavi Kani explaining reason of the rat the ministry had not ile to finish preparations egistration period on time. ources, who all declined to ified by name, said the liklengers have one common nator behind their possible

Iran's political scene. But none of them really expects to beat any candidate sponsored by IRP, the party that controls the Majlis (parliament), government and key judicial posts even though IRP leader Chief Justice Ayatollah Mohammad Hussein Beheshti was killed in Sunday's bomb blast that also claimed the lives of 71 leaders and activists at the party's

Tehran headquarters. Mr. Bazargan headed the first government after the 1979 Febmary triumph of Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini's Islamic revolution against the monarchy. He resigned in November the same year following the seizure of the American hostages at the U.S. embassy in Tehran.

Mr. Bazargan and supporters last month declared an indefinite boycott of public parliamentary sessions, including Mr. Bani-Sadr's impeachement debate, because of harassment by Hez-bollahi (Party of God) fanatics who ringed parliament building demanding the liberal president's

But after Sunday's bomb blast. Mr. Bazargan has ended the boycott and attended parliament's debate that set July 24 the date for electing 51 deputies for 44 constituencies in addition to the new president. The by-elections will bring the total number of par-

ment members to 251 Despite Ayatollah Khomeini's repeated calls for a purge of alleged U.S. and Soviet leftovers in Iran, the Tuden Party managed to assert their presence on escape the regime's blacklist and

## gin, Peres bide time

AVIV. July 4 (A.P.) - Prime Minister Menachem Begin and r Party leader Shimon Peres, seeking to snatch victory from lection tie, faced intense bargaining with potential coalition is as vote counting went into its final stage today.

counting, slowed by the separate tabling of the armed forces, spended for the Sabbath and resumed tonight. Mr. Begin and res have met with the two main coalition candidates and are g for the official vote count to be published Tuesday before. ing official negotiations.

ifficial running reports of the polls show the Likud bloc and the r Party see-sawing a few dozen to a few hundred votes apart ay end up with 48 to 49 seats apiece in the 120-seat Knesset. r the results are announced. President Yitzhak Navon is to with all the parties and then pick up the most likely candidate n a coalition.

Begin claims he is the candidate but Mr. Peres has vowed to e all poissibilities to bring together workable parliamentary

67-year-old premier looked like the strong favourite on eleight, but the coalition candidates have appeared to push up the f their loyalty.

chief candidate, the National Religious Party, who at first Four and eager to renew its four-year-old coalition with Mr. Begin, is eaking in two voices.

Holind Likud in a Begin-led "national unity government" to pull brough the division reflected in the polls.

Education Minister Zevulun Hammer, powerful NRP figure, HOTELS: party should stay out of government and focus all its atton recovering from the electoral beating it took Tuesday. NRP lost six of its 12 seats. Another problem likely to arise in tions is its demand to retain its three portfolios despite its the first have no in strength. Mr. Begin is understood to have promised to first have yo cabinet searched a desired and the state of th vo cabinet seats and a deputy-minister post.

has been known to maintain a working coexistence with the har-dline IRP.

Mr. Negahdar's faction of the Fedayeen-e-Khalq made peace with the regime last year in response to an appeal by Ayatollah Khomeini for opposition groups to lay down arms in exchange for a full amnesty. Another fanatic Marxist-Leninist faction of the Fedayeen-e-Khalq refused to lay down arms and joined the Mujahedeen-e-Khalq, the largest opposition group that blends Marxist ideology with Islamic rhetoric, in a nationwide drive aimed at weakening Muslim fundamentalist grip on power.

#### Italian cops round up 45 terrorists

ROME, July 4 (A.P.) — Antiterrorist police said today that they have arrested 45 left-wing terrorist suspects in the past two months and asserted that they have confirmed that leftwing and right-wing urban guerrillas cooperate with each

The alleged terrorists were wanted in connection with a string of attacks in Rome and other cities including the hitand-run murders of a lawyer in 1979, and two magistrates in 1978 and 1979, police said.

The suspects were believed to members of the left-wing terrorist groups l'rima Linea Combattenti (Fighting Communist Units), Movimento Comunista Rivoluzionario (Revolutionary Communist Movement), and several smaller groups, police said.

The groups are believed to have ties to the Red Brigades. Italy's most-feared left-wing terrorist group, which is cur-rently holding four kidnap vic-

tims as hostages Police said that their investigation proved something that they have long suspected: that Marxist and neo-fascist guerrillas ignore their ideological differences enough to share information.

In some cases, terrorists have provided medical care for ideological rivals wounded in shootouts with police, aut-

horities said. Police said the Marxist groups have cooperated with neofascist groups linked to Nuclei Armati Rivoluzionari (Armed Revolutionary Nuclei or NAR). NAR is believed to be responsible for the Bologna train station bombing last Aug.

which killed 85 people.In addition to the 45 alleged terrorists who were actually seized, police issued charges against five other suspects who were already in prison. Police reported they found two terrorist hideout and seized large quantities of sub-machineguns, rifles, pistois and ammunition.



McEnroe dethrones Borg

McEnroe the new Wimbledon champion (story on page 7)

#### Arab League committee meets in Lebanon

# 'Seal off Israeli corridor'

\*Last chance for Falangists\*

In a front page editorial. Tishrin

said: "The military solution aga-

inst the Falangists is a decision

which will be implemented acc-

ording to the interests of Lebanon.

Syria and the Arab Nation." The

editorial also claimed that "each

time an attempt is made to achieve

entente (unity) in Lebanon, the

When Syrian troops entered

Lebanon in November 1976 and

snuffed out the civil war, the Fal-

angists first accepted them as pro-

tectors. But this relationship soon

accusing the Syrians of acting as

Syrians accusing the Falangists of

The disaffection led to heavy

shelling duels between Falange

militias and Syrian troops in East

Beirut in 1978 and erupted again

having ties with Israel.

in Zahle on April 1.

...Khaddam tells Falangists BEITEDDIN, Lebanon, July 4 (Agencies) — An Arab League committee met in this mountain

resort today to continue its search for a political end to Lebanon's six years of violence.

Its first objective, participants said, was to persuade Lebanon's right-wing Falangists to break their ties with Israel.

The committee consists of the foreign ministers of Lebanon, Syria, Saudi Arabia and Kuwait. The secretary-general of the Arab League, Mr. Chadli Klibi, was also taking part and the meeting was chaired by Lebanese President Elias Sarkis

The non-Lebanese participants called on a former president of Lebanon, Mr. Suleiman Franjieh, at his northern stronghold of Ehdeen today. He was the only major Lebanese factional leader they had not previously consulted.

After the meeting, state-run Beirut Radio quoted Syrian For-eign Minister Abdul Halim Khaddam as saying the committee had taken a "decisive stand" towards those who dealt with Israel and there could be no discussion of the situation in Lebanon "before closing the Israeli door."

This was the attitude not only of Syria but of the Arab League as a whole and the committee, the Syrian minister was quoted as saying. Lebanon's right-wing Falange

Party has come under pressure to The lighting soon spread to Beiissue a statement renouncing ties rut and to the strategic Sannine with Israel, from which it has rec-Mountain range between the Lebanese capital and the city of Zahle in the Bekaa Valley. More than 30 eived arms and other support. But it has so far refused to do so. ceasefires were declared and bro-

Lebanon in June and announced a ceasefire which has generally held. Syria's Tishrin newspaper set On June 30, under a plan worthe stage for the mediators' latest ked out by the mediators, about efforts by suggesting the current 95 non-native Falange militiamen meeting was "the last chance" for the Falangists to cut off all ties left Zahle and Lebanese police entered the city to assume security

> But Western correspondents who toured Zahle two days after the pullout said other Falange militiamen remain in the city, which is still surrounded by Syrian troops.

ken before mediators came to

Fighting in Zahle spawned the Syrian-Israeli missile crisis. Israel sent its air force to shoot down two Syrian helicopters allegedly involved in operations against the Falange militias on April 28. The following day Syria deployed Soviet-made SAM-6 missiles in the Bekaa Valley and refused to remove them despite Israeli threats to take them out by force.

Before arriving at Beiteddih. Mr. Khaddam said the mediators were resolved that the Falangists should sever all relations with Israel as a pre-condition for continuing the Arab League effort to resolve Lebanon's internal strife.

"It is the Arab followup committee's resolution that not a single step would be taken to debate Israeli door is shuttered and before the Israelis are taken out of

Lebanon. Asked whether this would require the Falangists led by Pierre turned sour with the Falangists. Gemayel to issue a declaration renouncing any cooperation or "an occupation army" and the relationship with Israel, Kr. Kha-

ddam told reporters: "There should be a declaration and subsequent measures to ascertain that all doors are closed and make sure there will be no infiltrators to and from Israel through any corridor."

## Catholic priests launch move to end hunger-strikes at Maze

BELFAST, July 4 (Agencies) - British minister in charge of the arently smuggled out of the pri-A delegation of Roman Catholic priests and laymen were allowed to visit eight guerrilla hungerstrikers in Northern Ireland's Maze Prison today in an apparent breakthrough in efforts to negotiate an end to the death fast, British government officials rep-

The members of the Irish Commission for Justice and Peace, set up by Ireland's Catholic bishops to advise on social issues. broke the talks with British off-

icials to go to the prison after the hunger-strikers issued a remarkably conciliatory statement. A Northern Ireland Office spokesman said Michael Alison, the

province's prisons, "readily agreed" to a request by the five-man team to visit the hunger-strikers after the statement was issued.

The hunger-strikers said there was no need for either side to lose a point of principles. They demand they do no prison work, were their clothes all the time, associate freely among themselves, get full 50 per cent remission of sentences and get more mail and visits.

The British say these demands amount to political prisoners status for hundreds of jailed guerrillas of the outlawed Irish Republican Army (IRA) and its spl-

The tone of the statement, app-

son, was in marked contrast to ear lier statements. The statement indicated there

could be flexibility in the interpretation of their demands to wear their own clothes, to associate freely and to do work according to their own definition. The moves follow talks held in

Belfast yesterday and today between the Minister of State at the Northern Ireland Office, Michael Alison, and members of the Justice and Peace Commission.

The government has said in the past that the commissioners may not act as mediators between it and the hunger-strikers.

## Moscow rejects EEC Afghan proposal

#### MOSCOW, July 4 (R) - The Soviet Union ruled out the European Common Market initiative on Afghanistan as a basis for talks today and accused Western countries of wanting to tackle the issue behind the backs of the Afghan people.

The official Soviet news agency TASS was commenting on the eve of a visit to Moscow by the British Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington to discuss the plan.

It said the only genuine solution lay in proposals made last year by the pro-Moscow government in Kabul for talks between Afghanistan, Iran and Pakistan on an accord to be guaranteed by the Soviet Union and the United Stastill saying the EEC proposals could lead to negotiations but TASS said: "It is absolutely clear that this 'initiative' cannot serve as a basis for talks and no one is going to hold such talks with them."

The commentary, more explicit than any earlier Soviet criticism. avoided referring by name to Lord Carrington, who arrives in Moscow tomorrow to set out the settlement proposals to Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko.

But it was issued under a Vienna dateline, apparently because Lord Carrington spoke about the EEC initiative at a press conference in Austria vesterday.

Lord Carrington told the press conference he expected Moscow

Some Western politicians were to take a long time to respond to the EEC scheme, and a definitive reply was unlikely from his talks with Mr. Gromyko.

> The initiative foresees a first round of discussions between the five permanent members of the United Nations Security Council. plus India, Iran and Pakistan, with the aim of working out security saleguards.

They would be joined in the second stage by "representatives of the Afghan people" to discuss the country's future status and guarantees of its future inderendence.

#### Jordan welcomes Soviet call for universal peace

the National Consultative Council today sent a joint message to the Supreme Soviet of the USSR in reply to its call for peace to world peoples and parliaments. "Jordan received with deep interest and appreciation the Sup-

AMMAN, July 4 (Petra) - The Upper House of Parliament and

reme Soviet's call for peace which came at a critical stage in world history marked with a nuclear arms race and resorts based on violence and force to solve problems and conflicts," the message It said Jordan realises only too well the consequences of wars

and aggression, and their great devastation and tragedy to mankind and deeply appreciates the dimensions of the Soviet call which stresses keenness and determination to support all efforts aiming at achieving world peace. "It is really a big tragedy for world nations continue to confront

two major foes: hunger and the arms race, while it is quite possible to eliminate hunger and create an international civilised society which would be able to resolve disputes peacefully through the utilisation of funds spent on armaments." the message declared. "Since this peace call came from a major world power with a

wide sphere of influence, it should encourage other nations to respond favourably to it, the message added. It said that the Soviet call for world peace demonstrates the keenness of the Kremlin on holding negotiations leading to a reduction of nuclear arms and its policy not to resort to the use of force to attain a military achievement.

"Jordan under the leadership of His Majesty King Hussein will continue to draw the world's attention to the dangers of wars and their consequences, and will continue to build bridges of understanding among world leaders, urging peace initiatives to save mankind from destruction." the message said.

"Only an atmosphere of peace can guarantee stability, and tranquility to the peoples of the world who need peace for development and progress," the message concluded.

# egin's hanging on spells problems for Mideast

. V, July 4 (R) — The prospect of Mengin returning to power in Israel with the parliamentary majorities spells problems s of Middle East peace options, according ıl analysts.

in officials, whose government's foreign based firmly on pursuing the so-called vid peace process with Israel, have alred concern that if a weak coalition emethe final results of last Tuesday's election imper future negotiations.

votian Minister of State for Foreign Affos Ghali said in a statement that Egypt's ern was to negotiate with an Israeli gov-1at would find the courage to implement 979 peace accords. k government which is incapable of tak-

sible decisions would be an obstacle to he framework of the 1979 agreements, its to press shead with talks on the so-

momy for the Palestinians of the occ-

is said President Anwar Sadat still has to is opponents that the U.S.-sponsored vid peace process can produce benefits for the Palestinians and the Middle East in general. The next stage in the process--a successful conclusion to the autonomy talks-has been held up for months, largely because of the pending Israeli ele-

The analysts said that, in one sense, a coalition led by Mr. Begin will be a positive advantage to the Camp David process.

The Egyptians and the Americans will be dealing with an Israeli team they already know and is reported to have said that if and when he forms a government the minority National Religious Party (NRP) leader, Yosef Burg, will continue as chief negotiator in the autonomy talks.

On the other hand, Mr. Begin's potential dependence on ultra-rightists to give him a working majority in the Knesset (parliament), might limit his room for manoeuvre in the talks, the analysts

One peace initiative which will continue whatever the final make-up of the Israeli cabinet is that put forward by the European Common Market. But the initiative has lost much of the sparkle with which it was launched at Venice in June last

The initiative hinges on the Western European's

belief that the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) must be brought into any future Middle East negotiations in order to guarantee a lasting peace in the region.

They have said that a necessary precondition is that the PLO and Israel recognise each other, a prospect that continues to look remote.

Israeli politicians, from the Labour Party as well as from Mr. Begin's Likud bloc, have denounced the EEC initiative as interference.

But many Arab politicians continue to regard the Western Europeans as having an important role to play if only in providing an alternative strategy if and when the Camp David process breaks down. The Israeli election has been treated with wid-

espread indifference in most of the Arab World, an attitude that analysts consider is unfeigned. A typical comment came from Rivadh Radio which described Mr. Begin and his Labour rival Shimon Peres as two sides of the same coin.

Privately, some Arab quarters including members of the PLO, were positively pleased at the prospect of Mr. Begin winning a new term in office. His closing term has seen an upsurge of PLO

diplomatic activity in the West as the Palestinians

have sought to brand the prime minister's hardline policies as the unacceptable face of Zionism.

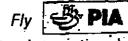
A source close to the PLO said: "Begin is easier to confront than the Labour Party. A Begin government means Europe and the United States will have to come to terms quicker with the fundamental problem, which is the future of the Pal-

Arab politicians who still have faith in the Westem European initiative hope the EEC will try to convince Washington that only a settlement which takes account of Palestinian aspirations will guarantee lasting peace.

Regional analysts nevertheless see some immediate practical dangers for the Arab World spreading from a Likud victory.

The crisis surrounding Syria's deployment of SAM missiles in Lebanon has vet to be effectively resolved and last month's Israeli raid on Iraq's nuclear reactor illustrated that Mr. Begin is prepared to take armed action in defiance of world opinion.

Some outside commentators expressed concern that a slim parliamentary margin for either bloc in the Knesset would be a factor for continuing instability in the Middle East.



(Pakistan International Airlines,

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11-20

# NATIONAL



Chief of the Royal Court Ahmad Al Lawzi unveils the commemorative plaque at the Sharif Abdul

hamid Sharaf Library of the Arab College on Sat-

## School and library receive Sharif Abdul Hamid's name

AMMAN, July 4 (Petra) — Chief of the Royal Court Ahmad Al Lawzi today led a ceremony at the Arab College in Amman at which the college's library was named after late Prime Minister Sharit Abdul Hamid Sharaf.

Mr. Lawzi unveiled a commemorative plaque at the library. and the audience heard a speech on the occasion delivered by the chairman of the college's board of trustees. Mr. Mohammad Nazzal Al 'Armouti, Mr. 'Armouti paid tribute to the late premier who, he said, was among the pioneers of

"the (contemporary Arab awakening movement."

The ceremony was attended by Court Minister Amer Khammash: Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces Lt. Gen. Sharil Zaid Ibn Shaker: Mrs. Layla Sharat, wife of the late prime minister: Sharit Fawwaz Sharat, his brother; the foreign and education ministers as well as other notable figures and senior officials.

Mrs. Sharal later attended another ceremony naming the Amman Industrial School after the late premier. Minister of Education, Said Al

Tal unveiled the commemorative plaque raised on the occasion, and gave a speech outlining the development of the Amman Industrial School since its establishment in 1930, and its role in training young men in various trades important to the community.

Also speaking on the occasion was the ministry's director of education, Dr. Izzat Jaradat, who said that the school had been named after the late prime minister because he had a keen interest in edu-

The ceremony was attended by a number of senior Ministry of Education officials.

## 19th Arab medical conference set for this October here

By Rabah Zughair Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, July 4 - Preparations are going ahead for the 19th Arab medical conference, to be held in Amman in October, according to Dr. Fuad Kailani, chairman of the conference's executive com-

Dr. Kailani told the Jordan Times that a special preparatory committee is continuing intensive meetings to complete preparations for the conference and provide the participants and journalists with technical requirements such as postal and telephone communications within Jordan and between Jordan and other Arab countries. The number of participants

from the Arab World is expected

committee has also extended invitations to Arab physicians living

repute, Dr. Kailani said. He said that several important issues will be discussed by those participating in the conference, which will be held in Amman this year for the first time.

in foreign countries, as well as to

foreign doctors of international

## WHAT'S GOING ON

**Exhibitions** 

A students' art exhibition will be on display at Ma'an High School in southern Jordan.

\* "City Reflections", displaying photographs of the City of London by Brian Wigginton, at the British Council in Jabal Amman.

\* An exhibition of photographs of the American West by the American photographer Ansel Adams, at the American Centre, off Third Circle in Jabal Amman.

Bazaar

\* A bazaar display at the AUB alumni club, open to the public.

#### King cables Reagan

AMMAN, July 4 (Petra) — His Majesty Fing Hussein today sent a cable of good wishes to U.S. President Ronald Reagan on the 205th anniversary of American independence.

In his cable Fing Hussein expressed hope for the development of ties of friendship between Jordan and the United States, on a firm basis of mutual respect and common interests.

He wished President Reagan continued good health and success in the leadership of the American nation towards a prosperous future, based on the principles on which the United States of America was founded.

#### JD 1m hajj bus company planned

AMMAN, July 4 (J.T.) — The formation of a Jordanian transport company that will carry Muslim pilgrims to Saudi Arabia will be announced here in the coming two days. Al Ra'i newspaper reported today.

It said that the Ministry of Awgaf and Islamic Affairs will acquire one-third of the company's JD 1 million capital. Other shareholders will be allowed to participate in the rest of the capital of the new company, which will be named Al Aqsa, the report said.

It added that the company will start off with nearly 50 new buses. to be increased in the future.

# It's only fair: Jorda is to get its own on

By Phyllis Hughes Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Jordan is planning its own permanent internan trade fair. Plans have been in the pipeline since 1973, but prelimstudies have now been completed and the site should be p. constructed and in use by the end of the next five-year plan. (1)

Director of Industry Akram Karmoul said the fair would be on a 450-dunum site 40 kilometres southwest of Amnian. The JD 20 million project will be completed over the next 10 v and will ultimately include pavilions for countries from all ove world, a national pavilion, an auditorium, a hotel, a swimming

"We plan to hold (exhibitions 150 days of the year," Dr. Kar said. "The rest of the time the site will be used as an amuse

centre for people from Amman." Detailed planning and the drawing up of tender documen expected to take another year before international contractor

invited to bid for the job. Then the first stage will go ahead. This will include the na pavilion, six exhibition halls, a restaurant and the centrepiece

administration building. Under the second phase the auditorium, which will seat

1,500 people, will be built and finally the hotel and the rem pavilions will be constructed.

When it is finished the site will cater for up to 25,000 peor there will be parking for 4,000 vehicles. Dr. Karmoul explained that the site is in a prime position r

new Queen Alia International Airport, now under constru-International companies exhibiting at the fair will be exem all duties on their goods, with the idea of encouraging trac-"We are constantly being asked it companies can hold

here and we have to find room in the halls and centres all a place." Dr. Karmoul said, "But at the moment we have purpose-built facilities." On the site there will be a special pavilion for the Arab co

who will be able as a group to choose their own design of b within certain limits. The project will be financed by the gover and grants and loans from outside Jordan.

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#### **JORDAN BRIDGE ASSOCIATION**

Starting Monday, the 7th of July 1981, the weekly bridge tournament will be held at the JORDAN INT-ERCONTINENTAL HOTEL-JERASH HALL at 8:30 p.m. All bridge players are invited to participate. Spectators are allowed.

**Association Chairman** 

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> Location: Shmeisani: Near Bird's Garden Tel. 41443

#### **NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS**

#### Venezuela congratulated

AMMAN, July 4 (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein today sent a cable of good wishes to the Venezuelan president on the occasion of Venezuela s independence day.

#### Government teachers go to school

SALT, July 4 (Petra) - The Ministry of Education opened four summer refresher courses for teachers in government schools here today. Taking part in the two-week courses are nearly 500 men and women teachers who will be lectured on teaching methods in social studies, sciences, English and mathematics for the preparatory and elementary stages. Another two-week course started today at the Karak girl's secondary school for teachers of the first three elementary classes. The to raise the competence of the participants.

Schools mushroom in Zarga

ZARQA. July 4 (Petra) - The Ministry of Education is currently building boys' school on 20

dunums of land at a cost of JD 300,000. Another school, already under construction at 'Awajan in Zarqa District, is being built on nine dunums at a cost of JD 350,000. According to the Education Department here, the ministry is also building annexes to girls' and boys' schools in the Duleil, Al Hallabat, Al Hashemieh and Al Sukhneh regions, all in Zarqa District. These projects, it said. are being carried out with loans from the Development Bank for Municipalities and Village

#### Loans for village projects

KAPAK, July 4 (Petra) - The Development Bank for Municipalities and Village Councils today approved a JD 15,000 loan to Mughir village in Karak Governorate. The loan will be used construction of roads. Another 7,000 loan granted by the bank to the village is to be used for the purchase of land for public utilities. A building to house the village council will be built on part of the land. The bank also approved a JD 24,000 loan to the village council of Rassun in Ajloun District. The loan will be used to finance the construction of a girls' school in the village.

# Sarid Al Tal

#### Educationa councils ain at public participatio

AMMAN, July 4 (Petra) Ministry of Education ha educational councils in country's governorates, " education is a basic righ citizens, according to Mi

Education Dr. Sa'id Al T The councils are heade directors general of educ the governorates; and inc governors' assistants: 1 ectors of public works, her ial development, munici incering, awqaf and agr representatives of the ur two members of the edu committee, and five citiz cerned with the develop education.

The council will offer a the planning and execu educational policies in & emorate, Dr. Tal said. He added that such

would contribute to t elopment of the educatic cess by bringing about pu ticipation.

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les, and for the first secondary (age group 15-16). The

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3. Well-equipped laboratory and comprehensive library 4. Modern methods of education to stimulate students' natural desire to

- learn and to develop a well-rounded personality ₱ 5. A truly bilingual education: The IBS, while satisfying the Jordanian government's requirements, will offer supplementary courses in English, maths and science to ensure that the students are fully prepared to pursue studies in English or Arabic. Extracurricular
- activities are provided and emphasised. 6. 10 ordinary level GCE subjects for grade 10 (age group 15-16) from which the student can choose
- 7. Prepares the students at the second phase for the International Baccalaureate Diploma, to ensure entrance to first-class international and local universities.

**IBS Administration Office,** Tel. 23083 P.O. Box 2274, Amman.

The office receives students for registration daily from 9 a.m. to 2 p.m. daily except Thursday and Friday.

N.B.: Annual tuition fees start at JD 325

#### Land sales booming

AMMAN, July 4 (J.T.) land in the first half of t registered an 80 per cent over figures in the first six of 1980, according to AIF spaper quoting Land Reg Department sources.

It said that the depa revenues from registration the sale of lands in the months of 1981 total 7,418,369, whereas the year's figure was JD 4,12 According to Mr. Ibri Qasem, the department ( most of the lands involve transactions were located western regions of Ammi

The department charge cent on the value of every! transaction of which the pays six per cent and th tour per cent.

Mr. Qasem estimated th JD 75 million were investe purchase of land around in the first six months

#### THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN

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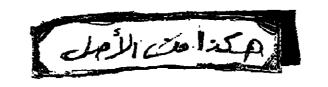
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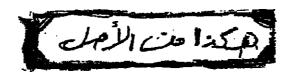
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Our nation's crafts

A Jordan Times



# Taking the rafts effort o Jerash

ITOR'S NOTE: This is the 16th in a series of articles about adicrafts in Jordan.

Text and photos By Mohammad Ayish special to the Jordan Times

ASH --- When the Charitable ty for Ladies in Jerash was

established in 1971, its goals were limited to teaching women techniques of sewing and to child care. But with the expansion of its activities, the society has transcended its original goals to spe-

# **Furn to** the pros in psychiatry

By Badran Badran cial to the Jordan Times

IAN — Psychiatric patients dan are seeing fewer swiand crystal balls, and are g more professional med-lp these days, according to a ian consultant psychiatrist. roved public awareness of le that psychiatry plays in n life, increased exposure to life through the mass and higher education are s reasons for this change by bammad Al Farekh.

change in attitude has been panied by a growth in the ( | | | ar of psychiatrists working in and in the services pro-COUNTY or the general public. These s are administered through ned forces, the Ministry of [3] [)][b, the University of Jordan al School and the private I) If It In all of these an outas well as in hospital tret for some patients, Dr. Far-

serted. Farekh is a private psyst who took his M.D. in He got a diploma in psyical medicine in 1973, and 4, became a member of the Royal College of Psysts. In 1976, he was cerin Philadelphia, Pennia as a behavioural the-

ays that one out of every 20 is who visit his clinic is a tic; the rest are ordinary going through hard times. nxieties of everyday life, I problems and problems of nent and adaptation to a' nvironment constitute the ty of cases he deals with. e depression that we all go h," he explains," can sombe a cause for someone to psychiatrists." A careful of each case often reveals ere is no real mental illness tient. If, for instance, a patgrieved because of the loss ved one, then clearly "his sion is proportionate to his ament," the psychiatrist

ed whether there was anypecial about psychiatry in Dr. Farekh affirmed that as, and provided a few es. "Seven out of every 10 s that we see," he said, "hually seen a swindler." In f the developing world, he: sperstition and witchcraft ong the facts of life. If, for e, anything happens to a r of the family, then people: ik that witchcraft has beenherefore, the story goes, ould go to a magician or to us practitioner to undo the hich allegedly affected the

> oing so, Dr. Farekh conpatients usually delay an to a psychiatrist, having thausted financially, and andition can deteriorate

Rush for cure

second interesting thing ordanian patients is that usually in a hurry. "They ecovery to be on hand in a of one or two sessions." rekh said. This mision leads patients to drift



Dr. Mohammad Al Farekh

from one psychiatrist to another instead of pursuing the original treatment with one physician.

The third problem with psy chiatric patients in Jordan is their inability to follow the precise course of treatment prescribed by their doctors. Giving up drugs prescribed for a month or two after only a few days is a case in point, the doctor said.

Dr. Farekh listed other obstacles facing the profession in Jordan. Emphasising the special significance of the rapport that joins the psychiatrist and his patient in a bond of confidence, he explained the chemistry of such a rapport in Jordan.

We in Jordan usually start this relationship from a disadvantageous point," he said. "In countries like the U.K., you go to a psychiatrist basically with a trust that this man is going to help you, and can help you. A Jordanian patient, usually carries into the office his doubts and suspicions about whether the doctor is competent enough and discreet enough to deal with your problem." This, he concluded, means the psychiatrist needs more time to gain a patient's confidence than

This lack of trust manifests itself in various ways. One is that the patient may not accept the physician's conclusions and treatment, and might seek psychiatric help elsewhere. The patient may also insist on seeking advice from other professions. For example, a patient who comes to see a psychiatrist complaining of a physical condition which is a result of his psychological ill-health, even if he knows has been told the cause, may insist on seeing more and more physicians to make sure.

According to Dr. Farekh, interference from other professions (including the medical profession itself) can be harmful to the patient and the profession, if is done in a non-professional manner --"which, thank God, isn't a common practice here." To illustrate his point, the psychiatrist furnishes the example of a chemist who may unintentionally advise a psychiatric patient who has come to fill a prescription to cut down on his dose, because of fear of addiction or habituation. By doing this, the chemist jeopardises his chances of a good recovery. Dr. Farekh said.

But despite all the drawbacks, Farekh said, "There is no doubt in my mind about psychiatry and its capability of solving problems in modern societies as well as in devcloping ones -- or, to say the least, of minimising them."

arhead a craft-revival programme in the ancient city of Jerash.

The Ministry of Social Development will finance the project, which calls for setting up a crafts centre in the city so as to acquaint foreign tourists with our her-itage," society President Inayeh Imadiddin said. She added that the first phase of the project has been agreed upon between the society and the Ministry of Social Development, represented by the Turath Centre in Amman.

Miss Imadiddin also said that the headquarters of the centre would be in an ancient building donated to the society by the Jerash Chamber of Commerce. "The building will be restored at the expense of the ministry, which has allocated JD 15,000 for that purpose," she told the Jordan Times.

Another step made by the society towards the establishment of the Jerash crafts centre has been a survey it conducted among Jerash families to feel out their views on such project. "We have received encouraging feedback from the Jerash families, who have a wide variety of crafts abilities," Imadiddin said, Such crafts include straw work, rural embroidery, beadworks, leatherwork, bamboo and carpet weaving.

An official at the Social Dev-

elopment Directorate in Jerash said that more than 200 families would be ready to take part in any project, according to the questionnaires collected.

"We want as many families as possible to benifit from the project, in which all ladies in the Jerash area. -- and not necessarily only the society's members -- will participate." Miss Imadiddin noted. She added that as the proposed Jerash centre receives designs from the Turath Centre in Amman, it will give them to its own "affiliate" craftspeople as the basis for their work.

Besides being an advantage for participating families in the Jerash area, the centre would also be a great boon for the entire city. Miss Imadiddin said that as hundreds of tourists pour into Jerash, particularly in summertime, they would be very much interested in knowing something about the Jordanian heritage as symbolised by crafts. "So it is a source of income for the city which is worth pursuing" she added.



This antique building will house the Jerash crafts centre after renovation.

She also said that according to the agreement between her society and the Ministry of Social Development, proceeds of the products sold would be equally divided between the society and

But while work is still under way on the building for the crafts centre, the society seems anxious to see its affiliate craftsmen and craftswomen get to work imm-

Miss Imadiddin said that until the building is restored, it is a good idea to send some of the society's products to the Turath Centre for display. But this arrangement has not yet been finalised with the Amman centre.

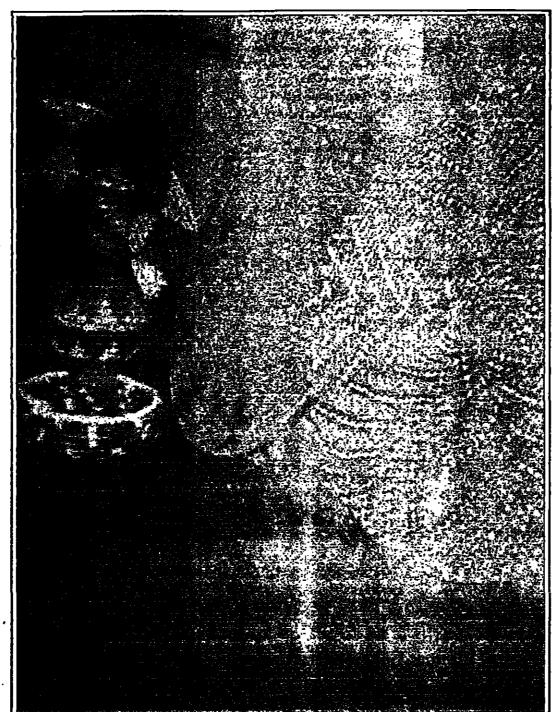
Despite its non-specialised character, the Jerash society has been focusing on crafts production, in addition to its function as day-care centre and as a women's social

At present, members of the society do various kinds of embroidery, straw and design work, which is sold to visitors at public displays and bazaars. But the real potential of the society's members as well as of the Jerash families will be more manifest when the crafts centre is ready to open, according to Miss Imadiddin. She told the Jordan Times that the centre will expand its activities to include training for those in the area who would like to work in crafts.

'When the raw material and the financing is available, then there will be no problems for our craftsmen here," the society's president concluded.

The Jerash Charitable Society for Ladies was established in 1971 as a social organisation for





These crafts items, produced by the Jerash society, will form the nucleus of the new crafts centre.

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#### Arrogance doesn't pay

THE ON-GOING mini-drama about whether or not the United States is going to continue to hold up the delivery to Israel of ten F-16 fighter-bombers is a fine example of the contempt with which the United States treats the Arab World. The point in question is not whether the Israelis will or will not receive the jets. They will get them for sure. The point this month is if the planes will be delayed for a few more weeks, or perhaps only a few more days, pending the completion of an investigation by the United States Congress of whether the Israelis broke the terms of arms supply agreements stipulating that American arms can only be used for defensive purposes.

It is already a massive insult that such an investigation should be taking place, given the fact that Israel has used American arms many times in the last decade to attack Palestinian and Lebanese targets in Lebanon, in what the Israelis like to call "pre-emptive" strikes". The violation by Israel of the terms of the arms supply agreements is rather clear and obvious. For the highest American officials now to be making a show of conducting an "investigation" into the matter is a pretty shoddy performance, and a gross affront.

The real point in question is not whether the Israelis used American weapons for non-defensive purposes, or whether the Americans will hold up the delivery of the latest batch of F-16s for a few weeks. The point is how long will the Arab World allow itself to be insulted in this manner by the leadership of the United States? For what kind of fools does the United States take us? Are we supposed to be pleased that the F-16s have been delayed for three weeks, while Israel is getting nearly 50 per cent of all American foreign aid funds? Asinine actions by arrogant leaders always lead to catastrophe. Mr. Reagan should be

reminded of that fact.

#### ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

AL RA'L: It seems that the U.S. administration is trying to mitigate and absorb Arab anger over the attack against the Iraqi nuclear reactor by suspending the delivery of four military aircraft to Israel. However, there are several U.S. manoeuvres which are obviously linked to the issue of the four planes. Two days ago, a U.S. official announced that Washington will deliver six planes to Israel besides the four planes, whose delivery has still not been decided. Then Washington declared that it would not deliver any planes to Israel until the issue of Israel's use of U.S. planes to bomb the Iragi nuclear reactor has been cleared up.

We clearly declare that the deep wound inflicted by Washington on Arab dignity will not be healed by withholding four or ten planes from Israel, but by changing the U.S. practices which are detrimental to the Arab Nation. Such practices include, not only supplying Israel with warplanes, but with the instigatory information which led to the criminal bombing of the Iraqi nuclear reactor, as Begin himself adimitted. The United States also supplies Israel with technology, ammunition, and political support, including the use of its veto and manipulation of the EEC countries with respect to their Middle East stands.

Washington is perfectly aware of the fact that the aircraft, which it gave to Israel, were used to bomb the Iraqi nuclear reactor, and that the raid, far from being an act of self-defence, was an aggressive operation. Hence, investigation of the issue of the use of these planes in the raid is a mere smokescreen.

Washington cannot regain the Arab's confidence by resorting to such devices, while continuing to affirm its commitment to the support of Israel. The U.S. Administration should understand that such manoeuvres deceive no one and that the only course open to it is to abandon its antagonistic practices towards the Arabs and to adopt a just policy towards their cause. Otherwise, the U.S. Administration will not succeed in clearing its reputation and regaining one iota of respect on the Arab arena.

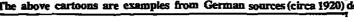
AL DUSTOUR: The Arab-Israeli conflict is approaching one of the most critical phases it has ever gone through due to current regional and international developments, the most important of which are the results of the recent Israeli elections. These results indicate an unprecedented victory for the extremist Jewish factions, and will hence aggravate tension in the region due to the continuation of Israel's expansionist policy in the occupied Arab lands and its nonrecognition of Palestinian rights.

The Israeli elections resulted in the victory of both the alignment and the Likud blocs, neither of which, however, will be able to form a cabinet except by means of a coalition with the extremist religious parties. These parties are committed to the Biblical myth of establishing a "greater Israel", annexing all the occupied Arab lands and emptying them of their Arab inhabitants. This means that the next Israeli government will be subject to the conditions of these parties and will have to adopt their policy of violence and extremism.

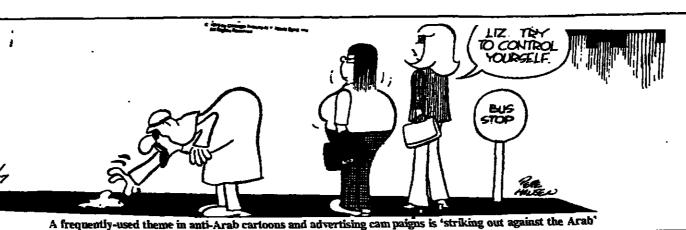
Due to the presence of two equally weak parties in the Knesset, any cabinet that will be formed in Israel will be unstable and will try to avoid being ousted by resorting to wagers, violence, displays of strength and expansionism to woo the Israeli voter, who seems to be in awe of Israeli military strength and eager for aggression and annexation of the occupied Arab lands.

The Arab Nation is helpiess and overwhelmed by these developments because of its military weakness, its disunity and fragmentation and the drainage of its energies in marginal dif-ferences. This situation of Arab weakness is largely responsible for the abovementioned Zionist practices, U.S. servility to Israel, Europe's retraction of its previous stands, the continued validation of the Camp David accords and attempts to invigorate the autonomy negotiations.











The Jew as "terrorist and subversive" appeared on a Russian mag-



An Arab with grotesque features flaunting control over the West appeared in the Boston Globe, 1980

# The undeclared war

By Dr. Majdi Sabr

to be ignored.

ROADS IN THIS COUNTRY sometimes turn into battle fields in which the main weapons are vehicles of various kinds and sizes. When this happens, one can hardly distinguish between road accidents and wars, since both result in deaths, injuries, damage to property and

numan suffering

Road accidents have become one of the major problems in lordan and increased to a frightening extent. According to published statistics, road accidents claimed more than 2,000 lives and left about 27,000 of our citizens injured during the period 1974-1979. In the meantime, available data on road accidents during 1980 and the early months of 1981 indicate that this sad phenomenon is continuing as vigorously as it has always been. Last April for example, 34 people were killed and 648 were injured in 1,041 road accidents. Of those injured, 154 were drivers, 217 car occ-upants and 311 pedestrians. These figures, when related to the population of Jordan and the number of vehicles registered in this country, clearly indicate that our accident record is considerably worse than that of most other countries.

No one has yet attempted to estimate the cost of road accidents to the Jordanian society. The "measurable" costs, I believe, must be tremendous. They include damage to property, medical treatment, administration costs incurred by traffic police and insurance companies and what costbenifit analysts usually term as "the loss of future output of those killed or injured, net of the reduction in consumption on account of those killed." Although it is extremely difficult to estimate by statistical means the "subjective" costs of bereavement, pain and suffering, they, however, are not

The available informatic on the causes of road acciden are fairly limited. The 19 Statistical Yearbook identifi four major causes of road at idents: excessive speed, or massing, tailgating and wro turns. Yet, the four causes to ether account for only 42 g cent of the total road acciden The remaining 58 per cent i attributed to "other cause

One wonders whether of causes include what many of observe on the roads alm every day, such as unus manoeuvres, improper use signals, lack of lane descipli low level of awateness and reme malpractice of neur blunders.
One is sometimes tempter believe that very little resear has been conducted to ident in sufficient detail the real of ses of road accidents. This is ludes the initial recording

factors involved in various a idents and the subsequent n lysis of those factors. This is a to undermine the efforts of t ffic police who have a sistently and effectively a tributed to mad safety in t country. But it is both evid and necessary that professio research, conducted by s cialised staff, is needed in area. Attention should given to the accuracy of a ident reports and records which accident surveys ( analyses are based. The I earch should also focus on a ident causation and injury; vention and recommend safety regulations concern road layouts, traffic e incering, mechanical tests vehicles and revision tests It is believed that the a

cost of establishing a road: ident research unit with a m est laboratory would be try compared with the pres high cost of an undeclareds;

# The other anti-Semitism: The Arab as scapegoat

By James J. Zogby

WHEN GERMANY LOST World War I, defeat, among other factors, was attributed to a foreign conspiracy. Rather than accept any deficiency in their own performance, the Germans were eager to ventilate their grievances and frustrations against an easily identifiable object. The Treaty of Versailles consummated German defeat and humiliated Germany's martial pride. There was a leadership vacuum compounded by massive economic ailments engendered by the bitter strife of World War 1. The period cried out for certainty. It beckoned for someone who could say: "Yes, Germany could be strong again, ready to confront the world with regained

Into this void stepped Hitler. He made Germans feel good in time. of doubt. He assured them of their preordained dominance of mankind. In short, he appealed to the primeval impulses of his nation. Hitler knew of the powerful fuse connecting hatred with unity. He, therefore, sought a scapegoat on which to pin the blame for German defeat and decline. The hatred of this scapegoat would simultaneously serve as an agent of national renewal and unity.

The Jew was an obvious target for such a campaign, since it was unnecessary to create hatred for the Jew. One only had to enforce it and intensify it. For centuries the Jew had been seen as the Christkiller; the dark, hooknosed lecher; the money hoarder and intemational financier who controlled the European economy. At the same time the Jew was also perceived of as the anarchist, the leftist, and the subversive.

In the beginning the "scapegoat" was both the Communist, subversive Jew (the "Bolsheviks") who had betrayed Germany, and the international Jewish capitalist. Both were accused of strangling post-war Germany. Only later did this hideous campaign focus on the Jew in the German's midst - whose very presence sullied the gleaming Aryan landscape with racial impurity.

The Jews was a central part of the problem and, therefore, had to figure prominently in the final solution.

America in the eighties is by no means Germany in the twenties and thirties. But the wine is the same. A trifle more aged, moremellow, perhaps. Only the bottle

The United States defeat in Viemam, occurring in the midst of a general U.S. alienation from the Third World, shattered America's self-concept as the "most powerful and respected nation on earth". The trauma of Watergate, the ailing U.S. economy, and the simultaneous loss of the U.S. position vis a vis our European allies, all combined to produce a troubled America limping through the seventies.

The decade which began with Vietnam and the rise of an independent EEC and OPEC, ended with "America held hostage" in Iran. These various crises created a frustration and an anger which begged for an outlet. Throughout the decade, America, like Germany in the 1920's, sought easy answers for its demise.

An answer came from a broad array of interest groups. The U.S. oil companies used the Arab oil embargo of 1973 as justification for the rapid rise in the price of domestically produced oil. Following that, they continued to

warn of "foreign" oil, counselling that by deregulation and decontrol of their American product, the U.S. would be free of "for-

eign" control. The extreme parts of the Israel lobby, (in particular the American-Israel Public Affairs Committee which tends to rubber stamp all Israeli government pol-icies), joined with farright organisations, to inveigh against "Arab terrorism" and "petro-dollar" influence at home and abroad. As communism had been held responsible for all subversion in the 1950's and 1960's - the PLO, Libya and Arab "oil money" are today accused of encouraging and supplying such diverse movements as the IRA, the Iranian revolution, the Sandinistas, the Salvadorian revolution and the American Indian Movement. In the U.S. all opposition to, or breaking rank from, the official Israeli government policies, whether emanating from Arab-American organisations or Jewish groups or from such institutions as the AFSC, PUSH, or the Institute for Policy Studies, is painted with the "terrorist PLO" or "Arab petrodollar' brush.

Then in 1979-80, these efforts at "scapegoating" received offsidential Advisor Stu Eisenstat. in a memo to Jimmy Carter, counselled the floundering president to blame the failure of his economic policy on "OPEC" (which, by this time had come to read: ARAB).

Meanwhile, the FBI, in a sting operation designed to snare corrupt politicians, used as bait a con-man dressed as an Arab sheikh -- naming the operation ABS-CAM (for Arab-Scam).

Thus in less than a decade, the propaganda emanating from these various sources has coalesced to create the "Arab -- scapegoat for America. This is turn has become excellent grist for the "pop culture mill." Today, depictions and portrayals of the Arab as terrorist, corrupter of our moral order, as lecher and manipulator of an economy, can be found everywhere -biliboards, cartoons, television "sit coms," children's television, best-selling novels...etc.

Like the Jews in Germany, batred against Arab Semites does not have to be built anew. Historically in the West, there is an already existing reservoir of ill-will upon which to draw. The traditional reasons behind this "other anti-Semitism" in the United States can be traced back to the historical animosity between the Christian West and the World of Islam, dating back to an Arab culture based in Cordoba, Spain, which was a ray of enlightenment when the West was steeped in ignorance and superstition. The West has difficulty in reconciling itself to the fact that the Arabs dominated the West for centuries with a superior civilisation. On the contrary, consistent efforts have been ongoing to belittle the massive Arab contribution to Western thought.

In a real sense, anti-Semitism, directed at both Arabs and Jews, is one phenomenon. When, in earlier times, European leaders sought a scapegoat, they oftentimes encouraged and/or made pogroms against the Jews in their midst. On other occasions under similar circumstances, they launched pogrom-like campaigns against the infidel Arab." These were euphemistically called "Cru-

The imperialist intervention into the Middle East in the 19th and 20th centuries created pogroms of another sort. The French

icial government sanction. Pre- in Algeria, the Italians in Libya, and the British and French in the Fertile Crescent, devastated the local economies and decimated the native populations. Arab res-

monotheists, they are perceived as heathens. Most importantly, it is considered politically profitable to Every war, every outburst of genocide, is prepared

Semites, and although they are

human prepares the path of the furnace...

istance was termed "terrorist". while Arabs who collaborated were treated and depicted contemptuously. The toll of these "interventions," in Arab lives lost and suffering produced, is incalculable. The effects continue to

attack them, just as it was considered chic to molest the Jews in

Nazi Germany. The foundations for the Holocaust were laid by German caricaturists who depicted the Jews as serpents, defilers of Aryan maidens, wealthy through the exp-

In the West, the Arab is frequently presented as a menace, a terrorist, a shadowy figure who operates outside of the accepted value system and is therefore to be feared and mistrusted. This racist image of the Arab is nothing more than the result of the transference of the popular anti-Semitic animus from a Jewish to an Arab target.

by propaganda which paints the victim, the Other,

as less than human... This is the ultimate lesson of

Auschwitz -- he who treats his brother as less than

-Edward W. Said

Today, the Arabs are the only ethnic group whom cartoonists and commentators insult with impunity. Caricaturists take a cruel delight in exaggerating the physical features of the Arabs in order to make them look ugly. They are shown surrounded with all the paraphernalia of indecent affluence, tied to the accompaniments of lechery, avarice, and deceit.

Since erstwhile political observers can no longer vent their bigotry against blacks and Jews without public censure, Arabs are increasingly proving to be irresistible targets as "desert niggers." In fact, from a bigoted viewpoint, they combine the "worst" of both the blacks and the Jews.

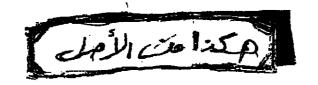
short, they were seen as different, and that made all the difference in treating them as less than human. Racism is, and has been, at the

core of anti-Semitism. Now, as before, the political cartoon is being used as a propaganda arm for disseminating anti-Semitic attitudes. Time and time again, subtle and not so subtle messages are being sent from the media, conveying the image of an Arab as retrogressive, tyrannical, crafty, amoral, greedy, irrational, and the architect of international tertorism. This systematic pattern behind such siurs is some indication that all of this may not be purely fortutions. In Germany, Jews were as in

ionation of the Gentiles, and traitorous to German interests. In

body politic of the nation.

James J. Zogby is the organization of the American Aug. Discrimination. Com



ociated internally with greed and externally with

moting international aut and Communism. In the States, the Arab is hele ponsible for the runway in and externally he is made t ear as the mastermind behin ernational terrorism. In the United States, the Arab World are America Arab descent. It is they wi

most visibly associated wi face the full brunt of ignoraotry which has charact race-oriented violence in th ted States. Arab-American chants have had their proj vandalised; an Arab Ch church in Denver was deser an incident that went unrep American-Arab children a quently made the butt of taunting; and in at least important instances, e Americans with promising itical careers were vit "Arab-baited" out of publ In addition, Arab-Ame have been singled out for s FBI barrassment.

Of real concern is the far these abuses go virtually eported in the press and a ored by civil liberarians. The are frequently quite candid their lack of response - the being tainted. It is "unpopul defend Arubs and A Americans.

All of this points to mol eboding consequences. Give climate created and the mood, it would not be fark to state that a groundwork is laid for the possible militar eover of Arab countries, the which is treated as a prop right by the United States. event. American-Arabs # singled out for more mulicio timisation. In fact, the arceration, of Japar Americans during World \ and more recent outrages a Iranian-Americans provide ficient historical precedents

"It can't happen here," \$0 popular refrain. However untreated, the cancerous d of racism inevitably leads 1 spread of miscry and death only cure is to excise it from

According to an interview given to a Kuwaiti newspaper

## criticises

WAIT, July 4 (A.P.) — Iraq ts to outgrow the superior Iraarmy by building its own il base on an island to be leafrom Kuwait, Iraqi President dam Hussein was quoted

. iy as saying. an interview with the news-! er Al Anhaa President Husalso was quoted as criticising . It Arabia for motivating the ption of the Gulf Cooperation ncil, and the United Arab rates for failing to manifest juate support to Iraq against sraeli air attack on a nuclear tor in Baghdad on June 7.

Ve have asked the (our) broin Kuwait for 99-year lease art of the Bublyan Island e we would set up a naval for the defence of Iraq and ait (against Iran) if need be," ald Al Anbaa.

esident Hussein conceded Kuwait might be sensitive eluctant to take fraq's side in Gulf war, proposing "anye else in Kuwait to set up the I base if you have any objn about Bubiyan."

... did not reveal Kuwait's reato his request. But Kuwait, t of three Iranian air attacks e ent months, was understood keen on a neutral stance on raq-Itan war.

ked to comment on recent s to resolve border difces between Iraq, Saudi ia and Kuwait, President in said the issue was solved lordan and the Saudis when chose to lose land vol-

for Kuwait, he said, Iraq d to broaden the territorial of its navy by leasing land its neighbour.

e only have a 13-kilometre on the Gulf which is the sole to the sea, with our navy ed in this damned site also is being claimed by President Hussein told Al i. "It takes our naval units to nine hours to reach wat-

regul

rations, irrespective of the degree to which we might develop our military capabilities. This situation will be fatal for us in any war, when we or you (Kuwaitis) are exposed to danger.

Informants said Iraq's bid to obtain the lease dates back to 1975. But it was not known here

when the Iraqis renewed this bid. Turning to the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) of Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, the United Amb Emirates, Bahrain, Oman and Qatar - President Fiussein reiterated the Iraqi view that the Council should have been set up within the frameworks of the Arab

"It is inconceiveable for the Gulf powers to meet and leave Iraq alone at a time when the Iraqi forces are fighting for the sake of Iraq and you at the same time," President Hussein said.

He said the launching of the GCC was "embarrassing" to Iraq. It seemed that President Hussein had expected more from the GCC, possibly a declaration of support to Baghdad in its war with

the Iranians. "In my heart I feel pain," said President Hussein. "But despite that I hope that every combined action in the Gulf will develop and protect the whole region against foreigners.

Referring to the United Arab Emirates President, Sheikh Zayed Ibn Sultan, he said "it is unjustifiable that Sheikh Zayed refrained from sending parliamentarians under the excuse that no planes were available."

President Hussein was alluding to the Arab parliamentarians' meeting in Baghdad last month. when Arabs voiced support to lraq against the Israeli air attack on the nuclear reactor. The U.A.E. for some reason failed to show up at that meeting.

President Hussein said that the U.A.E. leader shouldn't have done that, "when we pledged never to sign any agreement with nd perform combat ope-. Iran before we see the signature of





President Saddam Hussein of Iraq

Sheikh Zayed on the same... nor before we see that he has regained the three islands (occupied by Iran since 1971)."

President Hussein was referring to the U.A.E. islands of Abu Moussa, the Greater Tunb and the lesser Tunb, in the Gulf, which Iran seized in early 1971.

President Hussein scoffed at speculation that the Gulf sates were afraid that Iraq might turn against them if it emerged victorious in its war with Iran. "This is devoid of any fou-

ndation," said Mr. Hussein. "But I am afraid it is true that our Arab brothers in the Gulf do not wish to see us victorious." President Hussein complained about what he said was courtesy

by the Gulf states toward a "defeated enemy," Iran. He rejected as "un-Islamic" the Iranian decision to turn down the holy month of fasting, (Ramadan)

which commenced on Thursday. The Iraqi President was also quoted as saying his government was ready to arrest two men sus-

pected of planting explosives in Kuwait and fleeing over the border into Iraq.

The Kuwaiti government said the two men corssed into Iraq as five explosions went off outside government buildings in Kuwait on June 25. The blasts caused no casualties and little damage.

Al Anbaa quoted President Hussein as saving the men were Palestinians now in Iraq and that his government was ready to arr-"It is our duty towards a Pal-

estinian organisation such as this to give it guidance and tell it clearly that any further attack on Kuwait would be considered an attack on Iraq." the Iraqi leader

President Hussein gave Al Anbaa the interview after the newspaper published an open letter to him mentioning "whispers widespread in Kuwait that those who planted the five explosions came from Iraq and two of them

Unconfirmed magazine report says

#### Sadat plans to meet Begin before U.S. visit

CAIRO, July 4 (R) - Egypt's President Anwar Sadat plans to meet Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin in Alexandria later this month before the Egyptian leader has talks in Washington with President Reagan, the weekly magazine October reported

It said the meeting depends on Mr. Begin's success in forming a new coalition government following the Israeli elections earlier

Officials were not immediately available to comment on the magazine report.

President Sadat is due to go to Washington on August 5 to try to revive the long-stalled talks on Palestinian autonomy.

#### Greece, Cyprus await Turkish proposals

ATHENS. July 4 (R) - Greece and Cyprus have reached identity of views on further handlings of the Cyprus issue, visiting Cypriot President Spyros Kyprianou has

Speaking during a press conference after two days of talks with Greek leaders, including Presidnet Constantine Karamanlis. Mr. Kyprianou said that during the talks both sides unanimously agreed on their assessment of the problem and on further handling.

President Kyprianou said the Cyprus problem had entered a delicate phase regarding the continuation of the intercommunal talks on the territorial aspects of the problem.

The Greek-Cypriot and Turkish-Cypriot communities are engaged in talks regarding the constitutional and territorial aspects of the Cyprus problem which are under the aegis of the U.N. secretary-general.

The Turkish-Cypriot side is expected to submit either by the end of this month or in August a series of proposals regarding the territorial aspects of the problem.

President Kyprianou said the Turkish-Cypriot side should honour its pledge to submit constructive and concrete proposals.

"The content of the proposals will determine whether the dialogue should continue." President Kyprianou said. "The Turkish-Cypriot side has to change its so far negative attitude if it wishes the continuation of the dialogue."

He added that the Cypriot side would not wait indefinitely for these proposals. If no proposals are submitted in August the Greek-Cypriot side could not continue the dialogue for the sake of having a dialogue indefinitely. Mr. Kyprianou said.

We shall decide what measures to take when we receive the proposals and find them not to be constructive or concrete." he said.

#### PLO envoy in Paris

PARIS, July 4 (R) — Mr. Farouk Qaddoumi, head of the Palestine Liberation Organisation's political department, has arrived here for the PLO's first high-level contact with the new French govemment.

He will meet French Foreign Minister Claude Cheysson today. President François Mitterrand favours the creation of an independent Palestinian state but does not recognise the PLO as the sole representative of the Pal-

estinian people. His government has ruled out a visit by PLO leader Yasser Arafat. President Mitterrand, who is

reportedly sympathetic to Israel. also supports the Camp David step-by-step peace process which is condemned by the PLO and most of the Arab World.

The government of former president Valery Giscard d'Estaing frowned on the Camp David agreement between the United States. Egypt and Israel and preferred efforts to Yeach a comprehensive Middle East settlement.

Before leaving Beirut, Mr. Qaddoumi told the Palestinian news agency WAFA that it was important to the PLO to develop relations with France.

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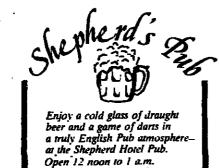
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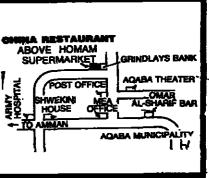


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**FINLANDIA** 

# China's gold reserves worth \$5.4b

terday disclosed figures for its monetary reserves for the first time, showing that it held sold and foreign currencies worth \$7.662; billion - about a quarter of U.S. and Japanese reserves -- at the end of 1980.

Its gold stocks accounted for 70 per cent of the total and were larger than many outside experts had believed, totalling 12.8 million troy ounces or 398 tonnes worth about \$5.4 billion at present rates.

The New China News Agency (NCNA) said foreign exchange reserves amounted to \$2,262 billion while currency in circulation totalled 34.62 billion yuan (\$20billion).

Diplomatic sources said the. overall figures were generally in line with foreign estimates and added that the monetary reserves, which are also believed to include about two billion dollars' worth of silver, were at a very healthy level.

In view of the figures, some diplomats questioned Peking's recent decision to suspend or cancel \$1.5 billion worth of contracts for heavy industrial equipment, mai-

siad it cannot afford such expensive equipment because last year it had a budget deficit of 12.1 billion yuan (seven billion dol-

The New China News Agency said that from this year, the People's Bank of China would publish monetary statistics once a quarter, and monthly when conditions permitted.

After 30 years of secrecy since the communist takeover in 1949, China recently started to publish relatively detailed economic statistics for industrial and agricultural production.

China recently took its seat at

the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund (IMF). to which it was obliged to divulge details of national income and other figures.

NCNA said the money supply rose by 29.3 per cent last year and quoted People's Bank President Li Baohua as saying the amount of currency in circulation had risen 'bit too fast' in recent years.

China is seriously worried by its fast-growing money supply and

measures to curb its growth and rein in inflation, which officials admit was about seven to eight per of China's economic and moncent in urban areas last year, alt- etary situation by foreign couhough some Western diplomats say the true figure was around 20 elopment of our economic exc-

The agency quoted Mr. Li as them.'

nly with Japanese firms. China has has recently introduced stringent saving: "The publication of China's monetary statistics will contribute to a better knowledge ntries and promote the devhanges and cooperation with

## Turkish lira to be fully convertible

ANKARA, July 4 (R) - Turkey has decided in principle to make the lira a fully convertible currency but the necessary economic conditions are likely to take three years to achieve, the head of the state planning organisation said in an interview published today.

Yildirim Akturk, who has the rank of under-secretary, said in the interview with the Anka Economic News Agency that inflation would have to come down to a rate of 15 per cent before the currency could be fully convertible.

He estimated the present rate at about 35 per cent, compared with more than 100 per cent last year, and said the 15 per cent level should be reached by the end of 1982.

He also said Turkey must build up its foreign currency reserves sufficiently. He gave no figure, but Central Bank Governor Osman Siklar said in May the required figure would be about two billion dollars. Reserves then totalled \$1.2 billion.

#### **ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS**

#### OAPEC states to produce more lubricating oil

KUWAIT, July 4 (R) — Oil-exporting countries are increasing their share of the world lubricating oil market from the one-fifth they hold at present, the Organisation of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (OAPEC) said today.

OAPEC said in the editorial of its monthly bulletin that Arab oil-producing countries had a competitive advantage in producing finished lubricants, which were of strategic importance for civilian and military purposes.

In the early 1970s, major oil companies controlled half the market, independent companies 40 per cent and national oil companies of oil-producing states 10 per cent.

"The trend is toward an increasing share for the national oil companies who control about 20 per cent share of production," it

#### Libya lends Yugoslavia \$150m

BELGRADE, July 4 (R) — The Libyan National Bank has granted Yugoslavia a \$150 million financial credit repayable over

seven years, the government announced here today.

The loan, which follows a visit here by Libyan number two Abdel Salam Jalloud earlier this week, will help finance Yugoslavia's expected balance of payments deficit this year of \$1.8 billion. Other terms of the loan were not revealed.

# Price cut proves expensive for Mexican oil chief

Mr. Jorge Diaz Serrano, Mexico's oil chief, lost his job and his presidential prospects when he cut the price of crude. But the row over his decision has highlighted the country's many development problems, reports William Chislett.

of Mr. Jorge Diaz Serrano the head of Pemex, the Mexican state oil concern, and the chief architect of the country's phenomenally. successful oil policy, has brought to the surface many of Mexico's political and economic problems.

Mr. Diaz Serrano, who in just 41/2 years tripled output to 2.5 million b/d, quit after provoking a storm with his decision to cut Mexican oil prices by \$4 a barrel to \$30.60.

Ostensibly, Mr. Diaz Serrano went because, as he said in his letter of resignation, he did not want to be "an element of discord" in the economic cabinet, which was furious at his decision.

But the real reason was political, not technical. The decision to cut prices was merely the final straw for his political enemies and gave them the chance they had been looking for to thwart his pre-

sidential ambitions. has highlighted the fact that no other oil producer views its oil with such nationalistic fervour as Mexico. Indeed his mistake seems to have been to have put Mexico in

MEXICO CITY: The departure' a position which could be construed by the country's powerful nationalistic lobbies as bowing to pressure from foreign oil com-

> Mr. Diaz Serrano, a singleminded personality, with a business and not a political background -- he was a wealthy private oil contractor before he took his first government job at Pemex - responded to market forces. But his less realistic colleagues thought the price cut was unnecessary and that he had misjudged the market.

Even if a price cut was necessary, they argued, there was the other option of cutting exports. which would prolong the life of the hydrocarbon reserves, and keep

Mr. Diaz Serrano argued that even if Mexico reduced its exports by 1 million b/d -- they are now some 1.4 million b/d -- this would not have made a dent in the world

By the end of this year, President Jose Lopez Portillo will personally name his successor, Mr. Diaz Serrano, a very close friend of the president, had built a powerful base at Pemex, and was considered a front-runner for the presidency. He is now out of contention.

Mr. Lopez Portillo is said to have approved the price cut decision, but when faced with protests from the industry, finance and planning ministers - who claims they were not sufficiently consulted - the president decided the political price for continuing to support Mr. Diaz Serrano was just too high.

The government now faces three painful decisions. It can compensate for the lost income by increasing oil exports, step up its foreign borrowing or cut economic growth.

Mexico's economy is growing by 8 per cent a year in real terms, and the government is determined to maintain this momentum to help to ease social tensions and incorporate into the

who enter the labour market for the first time every year. Some 40 per cent of the 18 million labour force have no permanent full-time

International banks have given Mexico one of the best credit ratings of any developing country. It could thus raise its public sector borrowing requirements beyond the present programme of \$5 billion net. This would need special Congressional approval, which would not be too difficult to obtain, but it is a politically sensitive

Mexico's external public debt is already set to reach \$39 billion by the end of the year. Such a massive debt is still extremely heavy, even with oil as a collateral. Last year's debt service totalled \$7 billion, equivalent to 28 per cent of export

Equally sensitive is the option

work force the 700,000 people of increasing oil exports. Raising oil production in Mexico always sparks a lengthy nationalistic debate. The prevailing wind, to which the president has to trim his sails, is against an increase. There are also physical constraints on raising production, including bottlenecks in the transport system and discontent in the rural oil areas where Pemex rides roughshod over indigenous communities. Most important, any increase would make the economy even more dep-

> Some 75 per cent of exports are now oil, while exports from the labour -- intensive non-oil sectors are declining.

Mexico could, of course, make up for the lost revenue by increasing the domestic price of its

endent on oil

petrol, which sells for 25p a gallon. But this would fuel inflation, already running at over 30 per cent.

The domestic price has not changed for four years and it is an even more sensitive issue than increasing exports. President Lopez Portillo went out of his way after Mr. Diaz Serrano's departure, to stress that Mexico would not raise its prices at home.

Mexico originally subsidised domestic oil prices to encourage industrialisation, but this has now reached the stage where subsidies on domestic oil amount to an estimated \$11.8 million a day, based. on the difference between domestic and international prices.

**Financial Times News Feature** 

# New opportunities for the disabled

BONN (INP). In the Year of Disabled Persons particular attention is being devoted to the integration of the disabled in working life. According to the Bonn Ministry of Labour and Social Affairs it is everyone's task to create opportunities for reintegrating some 2,000,000 working-age invalids into the labour market. The Dortmundbased Federal Institute for Work Safety and Accident Research carried out studies in two different research projects on work aids designed to improve working conditions for the disabled.

The Federal Centre for the Humanization of Working Life has provided a number of examples of practical applications of this kind of research. Thus, for example, a fork-lift was refitted and adapted to specific disabilities in such a way that arm amputees and paralytics unable

to use their legs will now be abl to take a job. It is particular? important that a disabled per son's working environment t adapted to his individual need The controls and the driver seat must be designed in such way as not to be tiring for thi disabled person. In the above mentioned two cases, the reevant parts of the fork-lift had it be redesigned to provide a con: fortable posture and sufficie:

An essential factor enabling; disabled person to operate ti. fork-lift is a redesigned wh elchair with which he mov about within his working en ironment and from which seats himself in the fork-lift. built-in seat-raising feature en bles the disabled fork-lift or rator to move up directly next the fork-lift seat and get onto t fork-lift unaided.

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. News in Hebrew

.. News in Arabic.

Man about the House

.... Name of the Game

..... Edward the Seventh

...... News in English

11:05 ... News summary in Arabic

... Environmental protection

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8:00

8:30

or 33 min	L) F 103
7:00	Sign on
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7:30	News Bulletin
7:40	Morning Show
10:00	News Headlines
10:30	Pop Session
11:00	Sign off
12:00	News Headlines
12:03	Pop Session
13:00	News Summary
13:03	Pop Session.
14:00	Pop Session
14:10	Instrumentals
	Country Meets Folk
	Concert Hour
16:00	News Summary Instrumentals
16:03	Instrumentals
16:30	Old Favourites
17:00	Listeners' Choice
18:00	News Summary
18:03	News Summary Jazz Hour

19:00 19:30 .... Music **Evening Show** News Summary . Evening Show 21:03

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04:00 Newsdesk 04:30 Wimbledon

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03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30

News on the hour and 28 min. after each hour 17:00 News and New Products (USA) 17:15 Critics Choice 17:30 Studio One 18:00 Special English: News/Words and their stories, feature "People in America" 18:30 Music USA (Standards) 19:00 News and Topical Reports 19:15 News Horizons 19:30 Issues in the News 20:00 Special English: News/Words and their stories 20:15 The Concert Hall 21:00 News and New Products USA 21:15 Critics Choice 21:30 Studio One

#### **AMMAN AIRPORT** FOR SUNDAY

ARRIVALS:

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:45	Cairo
:30	Jeddah
):40	Kuwait!
:45	Abu Dhabi
:55	Beinn
1:05	Riyadb (SV)
1:40	) Cairo (EA)
4:00	) Jeddah (SV)
5:35	5 Kuwait (KAC)
6:3	Cairo
6:3	Athens
64	Rawalpindi (BA)
6:45	Tunis, Tripoli
7:15	Houston, New York,
7.4	b · Davie
7:34	Brussels, Geneva
7:34	Cairo
7:50	Madrid, Casablanca
8:01	London
8:30	Rome, Damascus (Alitalia)
8-30	Rome
9:0	Rome Rome Surich, Geneva (SR)
9:16	Cairo
9:50	Frankfurt (LH)
9-84	Frankfurt
<b></b>	Frankfurt Beirut (MEA)
11.20	Baghdad
7.74	Cairo (EA)
7-4	Baghdad
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DEPARTURES:

. London (BA) 9:30 Athens, Amsterdam (KLM) .. Beirut (MEA) 9:55 10:10 ... Rome 10:45 Athens, Copenhagen (SK) 11:00 11:10 12:05 13:40 16:30 17:45 19:00 19:10 19:20 19:30 19:45 20:30 20:30 21:30 01:00

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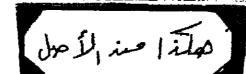
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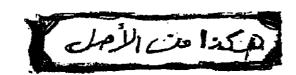
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Marrow (large) 80	50	Apples (American, Chilean, Green) 430
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Cucumber (large)100	<b>7</b> 0 <sup>:</sup>	Apples (Starken)
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Okra (Green)	320	Plums (Red)
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Muloukhiyah80	60	Apricots 250
Hot Green Pepper	<b>30</b> 0	Cherries
Cabbage 120	80	Lemons 420
Onions (dry) 90	φĐ	Oranges (Valencia, Waxed) 200
Garic 440	300	- Oranges (Waxed) 150
Carrots140	100	Grapefruit 160



25021



## John McEnroe dethrones Bjorn Borg

sable IMBLEDON, July 4 (A.P.) hn McEnroe defeated Bjorn prg 4-6, 7-6, 7-6, 6-4 today to capre the men's singles chapionship at Wimbledon and halt Swede's five-year hold on the

> Borg, who had won the crown e years in a row, lost it in a 3 ours 22 minutes struggle played a highly emotional atmosphere the Wimbledon center court. McEnroe came from behind nosed ahead by winning two reakers in the second and third

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et Lens Ce

15.35

1.1 31

The atmosphere was like a football game, with the crowd of 14,000 roaring for each player in turn. The umpire, Bob Jenkins, called for silence between every game as the tension mounted.

But that was the only difficult task he had. McEnroe, the bad boy of the tournament who had been fined twice for his conduct on court and was still awaiting discipline following scenes in the semifinals, kept his dignity and never argued over a single line

Borg led 4-1 in the third set.

had a lot of luck. One of his shots hit the top of the net and trickled over. That made 15-30. At 30-40 McEnroe hit a harmless looking forehand which bounced strangely on the worn grass court. Borg played a flowing forehand and completely missed the ball.

It proved the turning point of the match. McEnroe came back to 4-1. He had four break points against him in the tenth game, but held on. He won the tiebreaker by seven points to four and took a 2-1 sets lead

McEnroe never faltered during

McEnroe broke back at 3-4 but the fourth set. He had two break points in the eighth game, but Borg fought them off, McEnroe went to 5-4 on service, and Borg served to save his title for the first time since he became champion in

> Borg led 30-15, and then McEnroe's big moment came. He forced Borg into two backhand errors and went to match point. Borg saved it.

McEnroe hit a fine return on the next point, danced eagerly to the net and smashed his way to another match point. This time he hit it with a forehand volley. McEnroe won \$43,000, Borg \$21,500.

#### Australians too fast for England

LONDON, July 4 (R) — Australian fast bowler Geoff Lawson took seven wickets for 81 runs and destroyed the bottom half of England's first innings on the second day of the second cricket test at Lord's.

Peter Willey, scoring 82, and 'night watchman' John Emburey, with 31, put on 97 runs for England's fifth wicket and were together with 284 on the board. But a landslide followed their fine partnership and England were all out for 311 five minutes into the extra hour allowed for rain stoppages earlier in the day.

Australia replied with 10 for no wicket before bad light brought the day to an early end.

Lawson mowed down England batsmen, including skipper lan Botham, leg before without scoring, for career-best figures on his Lord's test debut.

Willey's innings lasted four hours and was full of fighting spirit, though like Emburey he had his fair share of luck. He pulled out an array of superb strokes and hit 12 fours.

#### Britain barges Russia aside at athletics meet

HELSINKI, July 4 (R) - The Soviet Union were barged aside by Britain in a string of upsets on the opening day of the men's European Athletics Cup semitinal today.

The Russians came to Helsinki as cast-iron lavournes to lead the qualifiers for next month's finals in Yugoslavia, with the real tussle expected to be between Britain and host team Finland for second

But the British won four of the 10 events to the Russians' three to go into the second and final day leading by 67 points to 62. Yugoslavia also held a surprise third place on 54 with Finland pushed down to fourth spot on 49.

Wins for Olympic champions Steve Ovett in the 1,500 metres and Allan Wells in the 100 metres were to be expected -- even with Wells barely recovered from a virus intection.

#### **Peanuts**









### Andy Capp



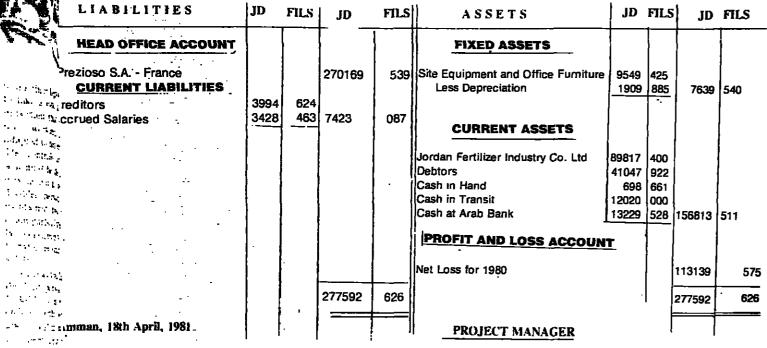




#### Mutt 'n' Jeff



#### PREZIOSO S.A. ET ANTIROUILLE S.A. - JORDAN **BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 1980**



#### AUDITORS REPORT

We have examined the Balance Sheet of PREZIOSO S.A. ET ANTIROUILLE N. LOUIS ET FILS — JORDAN Foreign Limited Co.) as at 31st December, 1980, and the related Profit and Loss Account for the year then ended, and have obtained all the information and explanation which we required for the purposes of our audit.

Our examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and accordingly ncluded such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in T LENSThe circumstances.

In our opinion, and according to the books and vouchers of the Company and to the information and explanations given to us, the accompanying Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account present fairly the financial position of PREZIOSO S.A. ET ANTIROUILLE N. LOUIS ET FILS - JORDAN, as at 31st December, 1980, and the # Tell \$25 esults of its operations for the year then ended.

Amman, 18th April, 1981.

BAWAB & CO. **ACCOUNTANTS & AUDITORS** 

#### GOREN BRIDGE

CHARLES H. GOREN

-Both vulnerable, as ith you hold: [J872 ♥AQ32 ♦1052 46 bidding has proceeded: st North East South

, 1 ♥ Pass ?

forcing.

at do you bid now? -There is nothing to be ned and a lot to lose by inducing your spade suit. 1 have found an adequate so why tell the opponents re about your hand than y need to know. Issue a ne invitation to partner jumping to three hearts. ump raise of an overcall is

!-- Both vulnerable, as ith you hold: 5 ♥KQJ6 ◊J10 ♣AJ532 tner opens the bidding h one heart. What do you

pond? -Why temporize with , clubs? Counting high ds and distribution, your d is worth a full game e of three hearts. Any

er bid earns a severe

rimand. -East-West vulnerable, South you hold: 76 ♥Q72 ♦AK43 4Q76 bidding has proceeded:

th East South West

Pass 1 Pass T Pass ? -You have a very useful d, but is it enough for 1? The answer can be ard at by simple arithic. Partner is showing 0 points and you have 11. t gives you a maximum of n the combined hands. h is at least a queen

short of what you would want to even consider contracting with for twelve tricks. Since you have no interest in slam, there is no need for you to bid any more than three no trump.

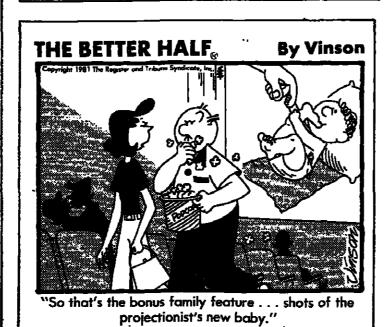
Q.4-As South, vulnerable, you hold: ♥AK1096 ♦AJ7 +A9853 The bidding has proceeded: South West North East 1 ♥ Pass 2 ♣ Pass

What do you bid now? A .- If you are a direct person, we would not blame you for either leaping straight to six clubs or using the grand slam force in an attempt to get to seven clubs. A more scientific method would be to start off with a jump shift to three diamonds, and then support clubs vigorously. That will convey to partner that you are very short in spades and could put you on the way to bidding a grand slam with confidence, rather than just bashing away.

Q.5-Both vulnerable, as South you hold: **♦10763** ♥KQ10743 ♦6 **♦**92 The bidding has proceeded: North East South 10 24 ?

What do you bid? A. - With such a good suit, it is tempting to bid two hearts. However, that is a dangerous tactic, since it will force your side to the three-level on: hand that is a potential misfit. To make a free bid in a suit ranking higher than the opening bidder's you need a hand of near opening bid strength. Pass. If partner can reopen the bidding, you can then come into the auction

#### JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form Sure—here's a four ordinary words. **TOHRT** DEWUN NORBEK THE WELL-LIKED ACROBAT COULD AL-WAYS BE COUNTED ON TO DO THIS. LENCAG Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon. Print answer here: A (Answers ternorrow) Yesterday's Jumbles: BROOD CHUTE NOTIFY SAFARI



Answer: When a pretty girl wears a ponytail, she shouldn't be surprised if the boys want to do this—HORSE AROUND

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, JULY 5, 1981

#### YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: During the early part of the day you can see clearly on how you can get along better with others. The evening brings you additional vitality and a greater amount of efficiency.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Talk over any possible differences you may have with family members and establish more harmony. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Improve conditions

around you and cement better relations with others. Make plans to improve your prestige. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Engage in recreational activities you enjoy early in the day. Take time in the even-

ing to plan the new week's schedule. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Take a good look at your environment and make plans for a change.

Improve on your regular routines. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Communicating with others is fine during the daytime but the evening is best for handling any problems you may have.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Plan how to add to present abundance early in the day. Attend group affairs where you can gain information you need. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) You can handle a personal

affair very well early in the day. Plan an important social event, but consider the cost. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) The early hours of the

day are best for handling private matters. Take time to improve your appearance. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Study well what

you want to do today before you engage in any activities. Relax at home in the evening.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) You need to be more direct with others if you wish to gain your aims. Do nothing that could harm your reputation.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Study new ideas early in the day and discuss them with experts later. Make sensible plans for the future.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Situations arise in the afternoon that will help make the future look brighter. Show others you have ability.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will be a charming person who can rely on personal magnetism in life, so teach to give this quality the right expression and then there can be great success in this chart. Plan as fine an education as you can afford. "The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make

of your life is largely up to you!

# THE Daily Crossword by Melvin Kenworthy

60 in agree-29 Letter from 30 Jewish 1 Anwar ment 64 O. T. book 30 "Mine eyes 6 Places to 31 Toodle-oo 65 Willow have --- glory..."

live: abbr. 32 Astronomic-10 Garbed al unit 14 Head of 36 Colossians, Hollywood for one 67 Goofs 41 Korean port 15 Ireland 16 Stash 42 Toward the 68 Liquid

a sentence

brator

54 Pipe joint

55 School in

58 Severn

Denver

51 Store

17 Caruso, for one 18 Put in 44 Breaks down 48 Agreement 50 Tet celeoffice

19 At the summit 20 "--- Please"

(song of the '40's) 23 Vestment

26 — throat 27 Rent again 28 Cut molars

Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:

6 Norse gods 45 Letter 7 --- de resistance 8 Vagrant 9 Bristle 11 Rich 49 Delight 51 Raccoon 12 Doter 13 Railroad 52 Mel or Fred

genus

69 "My Fair

Lady" girl

DOWN

1 Hardened

2 American

3 Racket

5 Robin's

4 Whit

humorist

Name in

33 Old: abbr.

cence in

35 Highway

37 Property claims

39 Part

38 Pedal digit

of QED

fabrics

44 Pompous

closer

British

Severity,

style Peter and

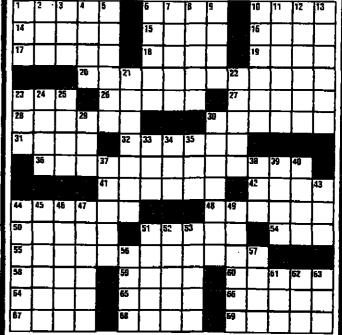
40 Appraise

arid areas

stations 21 Ready-made clothing 22 Upright 24 Kind of

53 Shoe part 56 Wood part 57 Latin abbr. 61 Egg: comb. year 25 Society

62 — Perce 63 Time of note



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month in northwest Poland.

underneath.

#### Wrocław-bound train just before midnight vesterday. Eighteen people were treated at the scene for minor injuries, it added PAP said a special government commission was investigating the case of the collision. More than 20 people died in a train crash list

**WORLD NEWS BRIEFS** 

Leopard II secrets with Soviets?

BONN, July 4 (A.P.) - Anelectronics expert sold secret inf ormation on West Germany's new Leopard II tank to Sowiet

agents, a West German newspaper reported vesterday. The ju-

tice ministry denied the report, but said it was investigating that

people suspected of spving for the Soviets. The new spaper said an

electronics technician working for a Munich firm sold plans of the

tank's laser range-finder and night sights to an employee of the

Soviet embassy in Bonn. The range finder and sights are ren-

ortedly two of the latest developments in weaponry, giving the

tank greater accuracy and mobility at night. A justice ministry

spokesman said there were no grounds for suspecting that sen-

sitive material had been turned over to the Seviets. He said the

two espionage suspects, whom he declined to identify had not

been arrested. Willi Weiskirch, chairman of the opposition the

istian Democrats defence committee, demanded a report on the

Strict Ramadan in Pakistan

ISLAMABAD, July 4 (R) Pakistan's 80 million Muslims tuday

began the most severe fasting month in the nation's 34-year

history. A rigid dawn-to-dusk ban on all eating, drinking and

smoking went into force and Muslims breaking the last during

Ramadan, faced times or imprisonment for the first time. The

severny of this year's tast was increased because the cycle of the

Islamic lunar calendar, which is 10 days shorter than the Gre-

gorian calendar, placed Ramadan in July this year. Temperatures

in most of Pakistan can reach 50 degrees centigrade (122 degrees

tabrenheit on July and the daily tasting time in the long days of the

month will be more than 15 hours. The introduction of penaltics

for fast-breakers was the latest step by Pakistan's military ruler.

President Zia ul-Haq, to turn the country into a strict Muslim

56 injured in Polish train crash-

WARSAW, July 4 (A.P.) - Two trains collided head-on in

southwestern Poland, resulting in a total of 56 injured, the Polish

matter from Defence Minister Hans Apel.

Bad news about the tower of Pisa? PISA, Italy, July 4 (A.P.) - Two scientists are studying ther annual measurements on how much the leaning tower of Pisas leaning, and one of them believes it has tipped by an additional I. or 1.3 millimetres in the past year. "We're still analysing the data. but I think the increase in the tilt will proceed at the same pace as in the previous three years, or between 1.2 and 1.3 millimetres. Prof. Geri of the University of Pisa, said in a telephone interview. He and fellow professor Brunetto Palla set up their surveing equipment at dawn on last Tuesday on Piazza di Miracoli (plaza) the miracles) and spent six hours taking sights on the tower. He scientists expect to finish analysing the data by today and will present their conclusions as usual to the city and provincial auhorities responsible for the tower and the nearby Pisa cathedial. Prof. Geri said. The 54-metre-high tower currently leans M metres off the perpendicular. It began to tilt almost immediately

#### Typhoid breaks out in Uganda

after it was constructed 807 years ago because the soil shifted

KAMPALA, July 4 (R) - Medical officials in Kampala say they are battling to control the biggest typhoid epidemic recorded in Uganda. Doctors have estimated that there are more than 1.000 typhoid cases in the Ugandan capital although hospital authorities say they are able to admit only the worst cases and they have no exact figures. The United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) has already airlifted 100,000 doses of typhoid vaccine into Uganda and U.N. officials said further supplies would follow. Medical officials said run-down hospitals and dispensaries lacked drugs dressings and even water and electricity, making it impossible to meet present demands on their services. Officials banned the sale of locally-made fruit drinks several weeks ago after the first typhoid cases were reported. However, these drinks are still on sale in local markets although U.N. experts say tests have shown them to be contaminated and dangerous to health. Doctors say the main cause of the typhoid outbreak is the unreliable water supply system. Most areas of Kampala have only a limited supply of piped water and people are forced to use streams and wells that are frequently contaminated. Attempts are being made to repair and restore piped water systems and the European Economic Community is financing work on the system that pipes fresh water from Lake Victoria into Kampala. But officials say it will take months to complete the repairs.

#### Thais accused of artillery attack

BANGKOK, July 4 (A.P.) — The pro-Vietnamese regime in Cambodia claimed today that its territory had been struck <sup>231</sup> times by artillery based in Thailand during the week ending June 21. The official news agency SPK said the attacks took place at various points along the Thai-Cambodian border, and also accused Thailand of sending reconnuissance aircraft over its territory and armed boats into its territorial waters. Thailand in the past has routinely denied such charges. The Phnom Penh regime regularly accuses the Thais of aiding the guerrillas of toppled premier Pol Pot and other Anti-Phnom Penh groups along the frontier. The latest SPK release, monitored in Bangkok, also said that on June 16, the Pol Pot guerrillas penetrated Cambodian territory the southwestern province of Koh Kong under cover of 105 mm howitzers, recoilless rifles aid mortars fired from Thailand. The agency said the Pol Pot force was pushed back towards Thailand.

#### Pope is getting better

ROME. July 4 (R) - Pope John Paul's health is notably better following treatment for a virus infection contracted after the attempt on his life and he could leave hospital next week, his doctors said today. They issued a bulletin saying: "The gradum remission of the virus is continuing. The Pope's general condition is notably better with progressive recovery of his physical act ivity." Prof. Emilio Tresalti, medical director of the Genelli Hospital, told reporters: "The Pope is in very good spirits. He willbe spending this third week in hospital, but he may leave hospital at the end of the week." Pope John Paul, who was seriously injured when he was shot on May 13, was readmitted to hospital two weeks ago for tests after running a high fever. He was suffering from a virus infection. He still has to have surgery to reverse a colostomy operation and restore his natural bowel function but. Dr. Tresalti said there were no immediate plans to carry out the

#### Sixty policemen injured

# Skinheads, Asians clash in W.London

LONDON, July 4 (R) — Shopkeepers and residents in the West London district of Southall cleared up today after a racial flare-up that local people blamed partly on the police.

WORLD

LONDON, July 4 (R) - Shopkeepers and residents in the West London district of Southall cleared up today after a racial flare-up that local people blamed

partly on the police. Fighting between white and Asian youths broke out in the predominantly Asian suburb of Southall last night after some of the whites had attacked and injured

two elderly Asian women. The whites were among a group of 200 belonging to a cult known as Skinheads because of their short hair who were in Southall for a concert by a Skinhead group,

evewitnesses said. Shops were damaged and looted, cars and a bar set on fire and police attacked with petrol bombs and stones. About 60 police and 15 civilians were mjured and 27 people arrested Nine policemen

were still in hospital today. The police were accused by many black people of sparking off

Foreign Minister Andrei Gro-

myko, visiting Warsaw 10 days

before a Polish Communist Party

congress that will set the seal on

wide-ranging reforms, had talks with Polish leaders today.

the topics he discussed with Polish

Communist Party leader Sta-

nislaw Kania and Prime Minister

Wojciech Jaruzelski, but the eme-

rgency congress was certain to be

concern over elections of congress

delegates, which for the first time

were by secret ballot and returned

munist Party last month the Kre-

mlin said that extremists planned

to use the congress to eliminate

orthodox communism in the cou-

be seeking to reassure Mr. Gro-

myko, pointing out that virtually

all party leaders were elected and

most delegates were middle-

of-the road, it has made clear that

the current reform, called socialist

The Polish party newspaper

Trybunu Ludu, commenting on

the visit by Mr. Gromyko, said the

letter last month from Moscow

was a reminder of the need for

credibility "leading along the road

to socialist renewal carried out

the process of renewal in a speech

at a summit of Comecon, the East

.Bloc trading organisation, in Sofia

The prime minister, who has the

daunting task of trying to put right

the country's chaotic economy.

announced vesterday a major

government reshuffle in which

several ministries were merged

Signs of the reform stemming

The streets of Warsaw and

from last summer's strikes are

there for Mr. Gromyko to see.

and eight ministers dropped.

Gen. Jaruzelski also supported

renewal, will continue.

with our own hands."

two days ago.

While the Polish leadership will

In a letter to the Polish Com-

The Soviet Union has voiced its

high on the list.

mainly new faces.

There was no information on

South London, last April by using heavy-handed tactics in a drive against crime. The police have

denied the accusation. In Southall one Asian shopkeeper said today that the Skinheads gathered outside a bar, the

Hambrough Tavern, for the con-He said: "The police must have known there would be trouble. They should have done som-

ething, but they waited until it was Local councillor Shambhu Gupta said: "I believe all the people of Southall know that the police are downright racist and that

makes it all the more difficult for us to live and work here." A spokesman for the Southall youth association, an Asian orgunisation, said the Skinheads were wearing swastikas and had the name of the overtly racist National

Front on their jackets. He said Skinheads sheltered behind police barricades and

Gromyko inspects Poland ---

his conclusions undisclosed

today as Poles enjoyed a Saturday

off work, one of the gains wrested

from the government by the ind-

ependent trade union Solidarity.

among the 10 member-states.

details still have to be worked out."

be released early next week, officials said.

planned Comecon summit of party leaders.

building, chemicals and energy.

the delegate replied: "yes."

Poland proves hard nut

SOFIA, July 4 (R) - The Communist trade bloc Comecon ended its

annual summit today without detailed agreement on a coordinated

five-year plan because of Poland's econovic crisis and divisions

Emilwen Gmmrescu, chairman of the Comecon committee for

planning cooperation, told reporters: "An agreement on coo-

rdinating plans for 1981-1985 has been reached in general terms but

A Romanian delegate told journalists the main areas of contention

Asked whether this meant Comecon planners were essentially

A joint communique, over which delegations struggled today, will

The problem of Poland, which conference sources said was not

Soviet Prime Minister Nikolai Tikhonov said last night that the

mentioned in drafts of the communique, appeared to be put off for a

Sofia conference had discussed coordination of the member cou-

ntries' five-year plans and reached a number of important agr-

special session, from which the six observer countries were excluded,

a blueprint from the Poles on how their economy would develop.

components for Comecon's ambitious computer development pro-

gramme, another would help standardise telephone systems and two

more would provide East European and Soviet funds and technology

to develop Cuba's nickel mines and citrus fruit production, the sou-

There seemed little disagreement on these programmes. But the

two more complicated tasks facing the session -- assessing the past 10

years of Comecon's economic integration programme and coo-

rdinating plans for the next half decade -- appear to have caused

Poland's failure to deliver about \$40 million worth of coal and

other products in 1980 and its even worse prospects for this year,

with national income expected to fall by a staggering 14 per cent.

made it impossible for Comecon to take any detailed decisions that

We have to accept that Poland will not be able to keep all its trade

depended on Warsaw meeting its export targets, delegates said.

pledges for a few years to come." one said privately.

But his comments were too vague to indicate whether vesterday's

as able to coordinate 1981-1985 economic plans despite the lack of

Two would set out guidelines for production of microelectronic

back to where they started at the beginning of the three-day meeting.

in plan coordination, two years behind schedule, concerned machine

for Comecon to crack

WARSAW, July 4 (R) - Soviet other cities were almost deserted

threw stones at the crowd. But the police told reporters today they had no reason to expect trouble before the concert and it would not have been so serious if

local Asians had not reacted as they did. Home Secretary (interior minister) William Whitelaw has called for a full report on this, the third

serious outbreak of racially-linked violence in London this year. In the run-down district of Brixton in April the police were the primary target of attack by mainly black youths hurling petrol bombs and stones. Shops were looted and

cars and houses set on fire. Morethan 100 police were injured. An official inquiry is currently investigating the causes of the riots, some of the worst on the Bri-

tish mainland for 40 years. Last month fighting broke out between hundreds of white and black youths outside a fairground in Peckham, three kilometres

Peach, died of head injuries.

today the findings of the gov-

looking into financial abuses by

from Brixton, Again shops were looted and windows smashed. Southall has been the scene of racially-linked violence before. In the worst, which followed a National Front meeting in April 1979. a New Zealand-born teacher and anti-racist campaigner. Blair

## INLA gunmen fire send cold BELFAST, July 4 (R) - Gunmen hurt, they said.

vesterday fired on a car carrying Northern Ireland's hardline Protestant leader, the Rev. Ian Paislev, and a splinter Republican guerrilla group tonight claimed

responsibility.
The Irish National Liberation Army (INLA) said it was responsible for the attack on Mr. Paidey, saying he was a "legitimate

target."
Police said one shot was fired at The telegram, printed in the Communist Party daily Pravda the police car on the edge of the and other soviet newspapers, mainly Roman Catholic and Repasked Mr. Reagan only "to ublican markets area in the city convey to the American people centre. It missed and no one was congratulations and wishes of peace on the occasion of the national holiday of the United Sta-

tes of America, Independence Past messages, such as one sent to former president Carter in 1979, have addressed congratulations to the president as well as to the American people.

**Soviets** 

July 4

greetings

MOSCOW, July 4(R) - Soviet

President Leonid Brezhnev sent

a terse Fourth of July message

to the White House today that

pointedly omitted any personal

greetings to President Reagan.

But last year the gesture was dropped after the chill in U.S.-Soviet relations over Moscow's military involvement in Afghanistan, and was not revived

in the latest telegram. In 1980 Soviet officials also refused to broadcast a traditional television address to mark July 4 by U.S. Ambassador Thomas Watson, whose text contained adverse comment on theSoviet int-

Mr. Watson left Moscow last January and has still not been

ervention.

# at Rev. Paisley's car

In 1979, the INLA killed the Conservative Party Northern Ireland spokesman. Mr. Airey Neave, by planting a bomb in his car which blew up at the houses of

parliament in London. Mr. Paisley, who like all members of the British parliament usually travels by police car, told reporters the attack was a deliberate attempt on his life.

But police said it was unclear whether the gunman knew he was in the car. Police vehicles are often targets of sniper attacks in Northem Ireland.

#### Storm hits Philippines

MANILA, July 4 (A.P.) - Ten fishermen were killed as tropical storm Lynn smashed into the Philippines main island of Luzon today, the official Philippines News Agency (PNA) reported. Their deaths raised the toll to at least 171 dead since another storm struck earlier this week.

PNA said the fishermen were on a boat which capsized in heavy seas churned by the storm's 100kilometre-an-hour winds off an area where authorities said 161 persons perished during passage

of storm Kelly Tuesday night. Officials said Kelly's toll was still mounting with at least 40 people still listed missing. Most of the fatalities were residents of about 10 towns at the foot of pieturesque Mayon volcano. They reportedly perished in flash floods and mudflows from the massive mountain, 315 kilometres southeast of Manila.

The national disaster coordination centre estimated damage by Kelly at 17.6 million pesos (\$2.2 million).

Weathermen said six provinces lie directly in the path of the storm, which, however, lost some of its power after hitting the Luzon mainland. Its peak winds down to 85 kilometres an hour. Lynn was moving northwest at 19 kilometres an hour and was expected to be over the Linguisen Gulf on the South China Sea by early tomorrow local time, chief government forecaster Amado Pin-

#### U.S. study of Italian patients

## **Breast cancer -- radical surgery** unnecessary for minor cases?

(A.P.) - Women faced with a those, 14 had undergone the radminor case of breast cancer could benefit from the removal of only part of the breast plus radiotherapy as much as from a radical mastectomy, a study of Italian

cancer patients has found. The study, conducted from 1973 to 1980 at the National Cancer Institute in Milan, focused on women's breast cancers measuring less than two centimetres in

It found no difference in survival rates of the 349 patients who underwent a radical mastectomy and 352 who received radiotherapy plus a more conservative operation called a quadrantectomy, according to the study published in last Thursday's

New England journal of medicine. There is a "pressing demand" among women with breast cancer for "less mutilating procedures and increasing requests from patients to be informed of the various possible treatments, including the conservative techniques," the

study noted. If women realised they had a chance of saving their breasts by discovering cancer early, "It would represent a tremendous tool for publicising selfexamination of the breasts and alertness in seeking medical advice at the first appearance of a lump in the breast," the res-

With a radical mastectomy, surgeons remove a woman's entire breast plus adjoining fat and pectoral muscles. The 10-year survival rate for patients undergoing radical mastectomies in the United States has been less than 50

per cent, medical authorities say. In a quadrantectomy, only a section of the breast is removed. Many doctors believe women have fewer psychological problems adjusting if the entire breast is not removed.

Twenty-eight of the 701 women

BOSTON, Massachusetts, July 4 in the study had died by 1980. Of ical mastectomy and 14 received a

quadrantectomy. Doctors also found some form of cancer recurrence in 38 of the patients who lost an entire breast and in 36 of those who lost a section of breast and underwent radintherapy.

Meanwhile, another study pub-

The new drug, Tamoxifen, has produced "some very exciting preliminary findings" when used with two common chemotherapy drugs. L-PAM and 5-FU, immediately after a breast cancer operation, said Dr. Bernard Fisher.

effects as loss of hair.

the recurrence of breast cancer in

In addition, the study said, the

drug does not produce such side

older women.

lished in the journal said a new drug, combined with conventional who led the Pittsburgh-based reschemotherapy, can greatly reduce earch project.

#### The clergy nods approval

## Lady Diana won't promise to 'obey' Prince Charles

LONDON, July 4 (A.P.) - In a break with tradition, Lady Diana Spencer will not promise "to obey" Prince Charles when they are married at St. Paul's Cathedral on July 29, Buckingham Palace

announced last Wednesday. Leaving out "obey" was the couple's own decision, said Archbishop of Canterbury Robert Runcie, who will perform the ceremony. He described the service as a Church of England alternative

rite, in which the words "to obey" were optional. The palace disclosed full details of the ceremony and the horseand-carriage procession to and from St. Paul's, through streets expected to be lined by a million sightseers.

The Very Rev. Edward Carpenter, dean of Westminster Abbey where most Royal weddings have been celebrated this century, welcomed the omission of the words "to obey." "Traditionally the obey yow has been taken at royal weddings. This is a new departure. I am delighted to hear it and it is absolutely

"Marriage is the kind of relationship where there should be two equal partners, and if there is going to be a dominant partner it won't be settled by this oath. I think this is much more Christian." Rev. Carpenter said. At the last wedding in Queen Elizabeth II's immediate family, that

of Princess Anne to commoner Mark Phillips, the queen's spirited daughter promised "to obey" her husband. In another surprising gesture, Cardinal Basil Hume, head of the Roman Catholic Church in England and Wales will, along with other

Christian leaders, lead prayers at the marriage of Charles, who will become temporal head of the Anglican Church in this Protestant The service will start at 11 a.m. in Sir Christopher Wren's Ren-

aissance cathedral 3.6 kilometres from Buckingham Palace.

# EEC half-expects 'nyet' for its Afghan plan

MOSCOW, July 4 (R) - No diplomatic breakthroughs are expected when British Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington meets Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko here on Monday to put forward a European Common Market initiative on Afghanistan.

Senior Western diplomats said there was no sign of the Kremlin having second thoughts about its 18-month-old military intervention in Afghanistan, seen by Western governments as the main obstacle to an improvement in

east-west relations. Lord Carrington, who flies in late on Sunday night, will spend iust under 24 hours in the Soviet capital. British officials said the European Economic Community's Afghanistán initiative would be the main topic of his two sessions of talks with Mr. Gro-

more problems.

myko on Monday. The European plan, carefully drafted to make it difficult for Moscow to reject it out of hand, calls for a two-stage international conference on Afghanistan later this year.

Diplomats said it was clear from Moscow's initial hostile comments that the main Soviet objection would be to the omission of the Babrak Karmal government in Kabul from the first round of the

conference. The Communist Party daily Pravda said that in May last year

the Afghan government declared

that "questions touching the int-

erests of Afghanistan cannot be

discussed, far less solved, without

the participation of the government of the DRA (Democratic Republic of Afghanistan) or behind its back."

Since the early days of its intervention, Moscow has said it would withdraw its troops only when "foreign interference" in Afghanistan was stopped. In the Soviet view this prase covers all forms of organised opp-

osition to Babrak Karmal gov-

emment, which are seen here as part of an "undeclared war" waged by the U.S. and other Western countries, aided by China. Soviet officials told former West German chancellor Willy Brandt on Wednesday that they were seeking a political solution to the Afghan problem, but exp-

erienced diplomats here said it

was clear Mr. Brandt had been

told nothing new.
The Soviet view is that a political settlement should mean first and foremost recognition of the Babrak Karmal government by its neighbours Iran and Pakistan, with no discussion of Afghanistan's domestic affairs.

Diplomats in the Soviet capital have seen no sign that the pressure of fighting in Afghanistan is forcing any change in Kremlin thinking, though they feel a reassessment may come eventually.

This is widely seen here as the justification for Lord Carrington's uphill mission to Moscow -- to present the Soviet Union with the chance of an honourable way out of Afghanistan at some future

In the Soviet view Lord Car-

rington's visit has, however, not

been linked to Afghanistan at all, Soviet commentators are likely to present it to their readers as a sign of improving British-Soviet relations, an interpretation which London does not share.

Afghanistan, despite the preence of 85,000 Soviet troops, has been replaced by Poland as a topic of public interest in the Soviet Union, and the Kremlin has no wish to revive the man-in-the street's curiosity about events there. Press reports on the duties of the Soviet "limited military con-

mention that it takes part in combat operations. The subject of Soviet casualties in Afghanistan is a tightly guarded secret, and there is no evidence to

suggest Moscow is worried about

tingent" are scanty, and never

grumbling at home over its intervention.

The Kremlin also seems to feel that foreign criticism of its involvement in the overthrow of Afghan President Hafizullah Amin in December 1979 is gradually abating, and that the existing Kabul government will eventually win the world's acc-

Some Western diplomats here feel that the ciris in Poland has increased pressure on the Kremlin to find a way out of Afghanistan. but others foresee no change in the Soviet position.

Lord Carrington will be uniquely well placed to size up Soviet feeling about Poland in his talks with Mr. Gromyko, who will be meeting him immediately after a visit to Warsaw.

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